



ANDHRAUNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF
METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING

SCHEME AND SYLLABI
(with effect from 2022-2023)

B. Tech I Year-I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT1101	BS	Maths- I	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1102	BS	Physics	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1103	ES	Engg. Graphics	2	3	30	70	100	3
MT1104	ES	Principles of Extractive Metallurgy	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1105	ES	Fuels, Refractories & Furnaces	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1106	ES	Workshop	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT1107	BS	Physics Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT1108	ES	Fuels Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
Total Credits								19.5

B. Tech I Year- II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT1201	BS	Maths-II	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1202	BS	Green Chemistry	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1203	HSS	English	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1204	ES	CPNM	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1205	ES	Industry 4.0	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT1206	HSS	English Language Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT1207	BS	Chemistry Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT1208	ES	CPNM Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
Total Credits								19.5

B. Tech –II Year-I Semester

Course Code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT2101	BS	Metallurgical Thermodynamics I	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2102	PC	Mineral Beneficiation	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2103	PC	Iron Making	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2104	PC	Physical Metallurgy	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2105	HSS	Managerial Economics	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2106	PC	Materials Science	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2107	PC	Mineral Beneficiation Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT2108	SC	Moulding and Casting practice	1	2	50	50	100	2
MT2109	MC	Professional Ethics & Universal human values	0	0	0	100	100	0
MT2110	MC	NCC/NSS	0	2	-	-	-	0
Total Credits								21.5

B. Tech –II Year-II Semester

Course Code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT2201	ES	Heat Treatment	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2202	PC	Metallurgical Thermodynamics II	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2203	PC	Python programming theory	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2204	PC	Non-Ferrous Extractive Metallurgy-I	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2205	PC	Mechanical properties of Materials	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT2206	PC	Metallography Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT2207	PC	Python programming Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT2208	SC	Welding Practice	1	2	50	50	100	2
MT2209	MC	Environmental Science	0	0	0	100	100	0
Total credits								20
Internship -I								

B. Tech –III Year-I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT3101	PC	Foundry Technology	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3102	PC	Advances in Iron making	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3103	PC	Non-Ferrous Extractive Metallurgy-II	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3104	PE	Professional Elective I	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3105	OE	Open Elective I	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3106	PC	Heat Treatment Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT3107	PC	Metal Casting Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT3108	SC	Foundry Practice	1	2	50	50	100	2
MT3109	INT	Internship I			50	50	100	2
Total credits								22

B. Tech –III Year-II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT3201	PC	Metal Forming	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3202	PC	Environmental degradation of Materials	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3203	PC	Advances in Steel Making & Production of Ferro Alloys	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3204	PE	Professional Elective II	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3205	OE	Open Elective II	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT3206	PC	Electro-Metallurgy lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT3207	PC	Materials processing lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT3208	PC	NDT Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
MT3209	SC	Soft Skills	1	2	50	50	100	2
Total credits								21.5
Internship II								

B. Tech –IV Year-I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours Per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
MT4101	PE	Professional Elective III	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT4102	PE	Professional Elective IV	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT4103	PE	Professional Elective V	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT4104	OE	Open Elective III	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT4105	OE	Open Elective IV	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT4106	HSSE	HSS Elective	4	0	30	70	100	3
MT4107	SC	Advanced Materials processing	1	2	50	50	100	2
MT4108	INT	Internship II			50	50	100	2
Total credits								22

B. Tech-IV Year-II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
MT4201	PROJ	Project work,	100	100	200	14
Total credits						14

List of Professional Electives

1.	Steel Making
2.	Composite materials
3.	Strengthening mechanisms
4.	Engineering Materials
5.	Nano materials
6.	Functional materials
7.	Energy materials
8.	Biomaterials
9.	Electronic materials
10.	Fatigue and fracture mechanics
11.	Computational Materials engineering
12.	Surface Engineering
13.	Phase transformations
14.	Introduction to transport phenomenon
15.	Physics of Materials

List of Open Electives

1.	Materials Characterization
2.	Metal Joining processes
3.	Powder Metallurgy
4.	Failure Analysis
5.	Introduction to materials Engineering
6.	Materials Thermodynamics
7.	Iron making and Steel making Technology
8.	Materials processing
9.	Introduction to Instrumentation
10.	Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
11.	Engineering Mechanics & Strength of Materials
12.	Electrical Technology

List of HSS Electives

1	Organizational Behaviour
2	Industrial Management and Entrepreneurship
3	Operations Research

MT1101 MATHEMATICS-I

Course Objectives:

- To transmit the knowledge of Partial differentiation.
- To know of getting maxima and minima of function of two variables and finding errors and approximations.
- To evaluate double and triple integrals, volumes of solids and area of curved surfaces.
- To expand a periodic function as Fourier series and half-range Fourier series.

Course Outcomes:

- Find the partial derivatives of functions of two or more variables.
- Evaluate maxima and minima, errors and approximations.
- Evaluate double and triple integrals, volumes of solids and area of curved surfaces.
- To expand a periodic function as Fourier series and half-range Fourier series.
- Have a fundamental understanding of Fourier series and be able to give Fourier expansion of a given function.

SYLLABUS

Partial Differentiation: Introduction - Functions of two or more variables - Partial derivatives - Homogeneous functions – Euler’s theorem - Total derivative- Change of variables – Jacobians. Mean value Theorems (without proofs)

Applications of Partial Differentiation: Geometrical interpretation - Tangent plane and Normal to a surface - Taylor’s theorem for functions of two variables - Errors and approximations - Total differential. Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables - Lagrange’s method of undetermined multipliers - Differentiation under the integral sign - Leibnitz’s rule.

Multiple Integrals: Introduction - Double Integrals - Change of Order of Integration - Double Integrals in Polar Coordinates - Triple Integrals - Change of Variables.

Multiple Integrals-Applications: Area enclosed by plane curves - Volumes of solids - Area of a curved surface - Calculation of Mass - Center of gravity - Moment of inertia - product of inertia – principal axes - Beta Function - Gamma Function - Relation between Beta and Gamma Functions. Error Function or Probability Integral.

Fourier Series: Introduction - Euler’s Formulae - Conditions for a Fourier Expansion - Functions having points of discontinuity - Change of Interval - Odd and Even Functions - Expansions of Odd or Even Periodic Functions, Half-Range Series - Parseval’s Formula. Practical Harmonic analysis.

Text Book:

1. Scope and Treatment as in “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, by Dr. B.S. Grewal, 43rd Edition, Khanna publishers.

Reference Books:

1. Graduate Engineering Mathematics by VB Kumar Vatti., I.K. International publishing house Pvt. Ltd.
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig.
3. A text book of Engineering Mathematics, by N.P. Bali and Dr. Manish Goyal, Lakshmi Publications.
4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by H.K. Dass. S. Chand Company.
5. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. V. Ramana, Tata McGraw Hill Company.
6. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr. M. K. Venkataraman.

MT1102 PHYSICS

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge in basic concept of physics of Thermodynamics relevant to engineering applications.
- To grasp the concepts of physics for electromagnetism and its application to engineering. Learn production of Ultrasonics and their applications in engineering.
- To Develop understanding of interference, diffraction and polarization: connect it to a few engineering applications.
- To Learn basics of lasers and optical fibers and their use in some applications.
- To Understand concepts and principles in quantum mechanics and Nanoparticle Materials. Relate them to some applications.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the fundamentals of Thermodynamics and Laws of thermodynamics. Understand the working of Carnot cycle and concept of entropy.
- Gain Knowledge on the basic concepts of electric and magnetic fields. Understand the concept of the nature of magnetic materials. Gain knowledge on electromagnetic induction and its applications.
- Understand the Theory of Superposition of waves. Understand the formation of Newton's rings and the working of Michelson's interferometer. Remember the basics of diffraction, Evaluate the path difference. Analysis of Fraunhofer Diffraction due to a single slit
- Understand the interaction of matter with radiation, Characteristics of Lasers, Principle, working schemes of Laser and Principle of Optical Fiber. Realize their role in optical fiber communication.
- Understand the intuitive ideas of the Quantum physics and understand dual nature of matter. Compute Eigen values, Eigen functions, momentum of Atomic and subatomic particles using Time independent one Dimensional Schrodinger's wave equation. Understand the fundamental and synthesis processes of Nanoparticle materials.

SYLLABUS

Thermodynamics: Introduction, Heat and Work, First law of thermodynamics and applications, Reversible and Irreversible process, Carnot cycle and Efficiency, Second law of thermodynamics, Carnot's Theorem, Entropy, Second law in terms of entropy, Entropy and disorder, Third law of thermodynamics (statement only).

Electromagnetism: Concept of electric flux, Gauss's law - some applications, Magnetic field - Magnetic force on current, torque on current loop, The Biot-Savart's Law, B near a long wire, B

for a circular Current loop, Ampere's law, B for a solenoid, Hall effect, Faraday's law of induction, Lenz's law, Induced magnetic fields, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations (no derivation), Magnetic materials: Classification of magnetic materials and properties.

Ultrasonic: Introduction, Production of Ultrasonic –

Piezoelectric and Magnetostriction methods, acoustic grating, applications of Ultrasonic.

Optics-Interference: Principles of superposition – Young's Experiment – Coherence-Interference in thin films (reflected light), Newton's Rings, Michelson Interferometer and its applications.

Diffraction: Introduction, Differences between interference and diffraction, Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit (Qualitative and quantitative treatment).

Polarization: Polarization by reflection, refraction and double refraction in uniaxial crystals, Nicol prism, Quarter and Half wave plate, circular and elliptical polarization.

Lasers: Introduction, characteristics of a laser beam, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, population inversion, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, Semiconductor laser, applications of lasers

Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fibers, principle of propagation of light in optical fibers, Acceptance Angle and cone of a fiber, Numerical aperture, Modes of propagation, classification of fibers, fiber optics in communications, Application of optical fibers.

Modern Physics: Introduction, De Broglie concept of matter waves, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, Schrodinger time independent wave equation, application to a particle in a box. Free electron theory of metals, Kronig - Penney model (qualitative treatment), Origin of energy

band formation in solids, Classification of materials into conductors, semiconductors and insulators.

Nanophase Materials: Introduction, properties, Top-down and bottom up approaches, Synthesis - Ball milling, Chemical vapour deposition method, sol-gel methods, Applications of nanomaterials.

Text Books :

1. Physics by David Halliday and Robert Resnick – Part I and Part II - Wiley.
2. A text book of Engineering Physics, Dr. M.N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar - S. Chand
3. Engineering Physics by R.K. Gaur and S.L. Gupta – Dhanpat Rai

Reference Books:

1. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vadudeva
2. University Physics by Young and Freedman

MT1103 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

Course Objectives:

- Understand the basics of Engineering Graphics and BIS conventions.
- Develop the graphical skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of engineering product through technical drawings
- Demonstrate and practice the various profiles/curves used in engineering practice through standard procedures.
- Demonstrate and practice the orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, solids and section of solids
- Demonstrate and practice the development of surfaces of simple solids
- Familiarize the basic concept of isometric views clearly.

Course Outcomes:

- Develop simple engineering drawings by considering BIS standards.
- Able to draw different engineering curves with standard Procedures
- Comprehend the basics of orthographic projections and deduce orthographic projections of points, lines, planes and solids at different orientations in real life environment.
- Visualize clearly the sections of solids.
- Apply the concepts of development of surfaces while designing/analyzing any product.
- Recognize the significance of isometric drawing to relate 2D environment with 3D environment.

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Lines, Lettering and Dimensioning, Geometrical Constructions, and Scales.

Curves: Conic sections, General construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola. Construction of involutes of circle and polygons only. Normal and tangent to curves.

Projections of Points: Principal or Reference Planes, Projections of a point situated in any one of the four quadrants.

Projections of Straight Lines: Projections of straight lines parallel to both reference planes, perpendicular to one reference plane and parallel to the other reference plane, inclined to one reference plane and parallel to the other reference plane.

Projections of Straight Line Inclined to Both the Reference Planes: Projections of Planes: Projection of Perpendicular planes: Perpendicular to both reference planes, perpendicular to one reference plane and parallel to the other reference plane and perpendicular to one reference plane and inclined to the other reference plane. Projection of Oblique planes. Introduction to Auxiliary Planes.

Projections of Solids: Types of solids: Polyhedra and Solids of revolution. Projections of solids in simple positions: Axis perpendicular to horizontal plane, Axis perpendicular to vertical plane and Axis parallel to both the reference planes, Projection of Solids with axis inclined to one reference plane and parallel to the other and axes inclined to both the reference planes.

Sections of Solids: Perpendicular and inclined section planes, Sectional views and True shape of section, Sections of solids (Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone) in simple position only.

Development of Surfaces: Methods of Development: Parallel line development and radial

linedevelopment.Development of a cube,prism, cylinder, pyramid andcone.

Isometric Views: Isometric projection, Isometric scale and Isometric view. Isometric view ofPrisms,Pyramids, cylinder, cone,and their combinations.

Text Book:

1. ElementaryEngineeringDrawingbyN.D.Bhatt,CharotarPublishingHouse.

Reference Book:

2. EngineeringGraphicsby K.L.Narayana andP.Kannaiah,TataMc-Graw Hill

MT1104PRINCIPLESOFEXTRACTIVEMETALLURGY

Course Objectives:

- To learn and emphasize the Principles of Pyrometallurgy, hydrometallurgy andelectrometallurgy.
- Tolearnsscientificconceptsofextractionandrefining
- Obtain knowledge of equipment used in Pyrometallurgy, hydrometallurgy andelectrometallurgy

Course Outcomes:

- Classifyanddescribetheextractionroutesofpyrometallurgy,hydrometallurgyandelectrometallurgy.
- ToIllustratewiththehelpofflowsheetofprocesstakingplaceinpyrometallurgy,hydrometallurgyand electrometallurgical extractions of metal/matte.
- Choosethetypeofrefiningprocess accordingpurityrequired.
- Understandtheimpactofextractiveprocessonhealthenvironmentsocietyandwillbeabletosuggestsuitabletechniquestorecycle thebyproductsortodecrease energy consumptions.
- Designthesuitableprocess forextractions.

SYLLABUS

GeneralMethodsofExtraction.Pyro-metallurgy:Roasting,Typesof roasting,Roastingequipmentand methods,Predominanceareadiagrams,Smelting, Smeltingfurnaces.

HydroMetallurgy:Advantagesanddisadvantages,Principlesofleaching,Leachingkineticsandfactors affecting.

ElectroMetallurgy-classification.Principlesofrefining.Useofvacuum,Zonerefining,Vacuum arc re-melting,Electron beam melting, Electro slag refining.Cementation.Electrorefining,Electro deposition.

Raw materials: Occurrence and distribution of iron ores in India. Evaluation of iron ore, cokeandlimestone.Preparationofironores:MethodsofBeneficiation,Agglomerationof Ironores.

Sintering and Pelletisation: Raw materials, Mechanism of sintering, Sintering machine and itsefficiency. Types of sinter.Recent trends in sintering practice. Pelletizing: Raw materials,Theory of Bonding, Bonding mechanism. Disc and Drum pelletiser, Firing units. Indian sinteringandpelletisation plants.

Text books:

1. Introduction to modern iron making, R.H. Tupkary
2. Introduction to modern iron making, A.K. Biswas
3. Physical Chemistry of Iron & Steel Making, C. Bodsworth
4. Extraction of Non-Ferrous Metals, H.S. Ray, R. Sridhar and K.P. Abraham

Reference Books:

1. MSTS-United Steel Corporation, Pittsburgh
2. Blast furnace theory & practice- Vol. I & II, Julius J.H. Strysbugen
3. Metallurgy of Non-Ferrous Metals, Dennis, W.H.
4. Non-Ferrous Metallurgy, Sebyukov, N. Min, Pub. Moscow

MT1105 FUELS, REFRACTORIES AND FURNACES

Course Objectives:

- This course is mainly intended to demonstrate the significance and characterization of conventional fuels that are employed in metallurgical processes.
- Gain an understanding of manufacture, testing, and application of refractories.
- To gain knowledge related to working principles of furnaces used in metallurgical industries.
- To explain construction, salient features and heat transfer aspects of various furnaces.

Course Outcomes:

- Know about a fuel, classify them and compare different types of fuels and describe their testing methods. Explain the coke making process, list out the properties and its by-products recovery
- Apply principles of heat and mass transfer to basic engineering systems and understand the basic concepts and laws of the three modes of heat transfer and apply analytical techniques to the solution of conduction heat-transfer problems
- Classify and explain construction and working of different furnaces. Analyze causes of heat losses in furnaces and suggest methods of minimization and waste heat recovery.
- Explain various manufacturing and testing processes of refractories. Link inherent properties of the refractory mineral and how it affects the production technology and the application.

SYLLABUS

Solid fuels:

Classification Proximate analysis & ultimate analysis of coal. Carbonization of coal. Coke making and by-products recovery. Testing and properties of coke.

Liquid fuels: Classification. Petroleum refining. Distillation.

Gaseous fuels: Classification. Production of PG, WG, CWG, LD gas, Coke oven gas and BF gas.

Refractories: Properties, classification and general description. Manufacture, properties and applications of Alumino-silicate, Silica, Dolomite, Magnesite, Chromite and Carbon refractories. Importance and study of SiC, ZrO₂ and cermets. Testing of refractories.

Elements of heat transmission: Steady state conduction, convection and radiation.

Furnaces. Classification of furnaces and their use in metallurgical industries. Heat sources, Heat utilization in furnaces, Heat losses in furnaces and furnace efficiency. Heat balance and Sankey diagrams. Principles of waste heat recovery. Recuperators and regenerators. Protective atmospheres.

Textbooks:

1. Fuels, furnaces and refractories by O.P. Gupta
2. Experimental methods for Engineers, J.P. Holman, McGraw Hill Publication.

Reference Books:

1. Fuels, Technology by Hinues
2. Fuels by Gilchrist
3. Refractories by Chesty

MT1106 WORKSHOP

Course Objectives:

- The engineering workshop practice is included to introduce some common shop practices and on hands on experience to appreciate the use of skill, tools, equipment and general practices to all the engineering students.
- This laboratory course is aimed to provide the practical exposure to the students in the fields of Carpentry, Fitting, Sheet Metal and house electrical wiring work.
- Get hands on experience with the working skills in Carpentry trade.
- Know how to work with Sheet Metal tools.
- Get familiar with the working skills of Metal Fitting operations.
- Get hands on experience with household electrical wiring.

Course Outcomes:

- Can be able to work with Wood Materials in real time applications.
- Can be able to build various parts with Sheet Metal in day-to-day life.
- Can be able to apply Metal Fitting skills in various applications.
- Can be able to apply this knowledge to basic house electrical wiring and repairs.

SYLLABUS

Carpentry: Any three jobs from – Half lap joint, Mortise and Tenon joint, Half – lap Dovetail joint, Corner Dovetail joint, Central Bridle joint.

Sheet Metal: Any three jobs from – Square tray, Taper tray (sides), Funnel, Elbow pipe joint.

Fitting: Any three jobs from – Square, Hexagon, Rectangular fit, Circular fit and Triangular fit.

House wiring: Any three jobs from – Tube light wiring, Ceiling fan wiring, Stair-case wiring, Corridor wiring.

Text Books:

1. Elements of workshop technology, Vol. 1 by S.K. and H.K. Choudary.
2. Workshop Manual/P. Kannaiah/K.L. Narayana/SciTech Publishers.
3. Engineering Practices Lab Manual, Jeyapooan, Saravana Pandian, 4/e Vikas.

MT1107PHYSICSLAB

CourseObjectives:

- Toenablethestudentstoacquireskill,technique andutilizationofthe Instruments
- Drawtherelevancebetweentheoreticalknowledgeandtoimplyitinapracticalmannerwith respectto analyzevarious electroniccircuits andits components.
- ToimpartthepracticalknowledgeinbasicconceptsofWaveoptics,LasersandFiberoptics.
- TofamiliarizethehandlingofbasicphysicalapparatuslikeVerniercallipers,screwgauge,
- spectrometers,travelling microscope,laserdevice, opticalfibre,etc.

CourseOutcomes:

- Abilitytodesignandconductexperimentsas wellastoanalyzeandinterpret
- AbilitytoapplyexperimentalskillstodeterminethephysicalquantitiesrelatedtoHeat,Electromagnetismand Optics
- Thestudentwilllearntodrawtherelevancebetweentheoreticalknowledgeandthemeanstoimplyitin apractical mannerby performingvarious relativeexperiments.

ListofExperiments:

1. DeterminationofRadiusofCurvatureofagiven ConvexLensByformingNewton'sRings.
2. DeterminationofWavelengthofSpectralLinesintheMercurySpectrumbyNormalIncidencemethod.
3. StudytheIntensityVariationoftheMagneticFieldalongaxisofCurrentCarryingCircularCoil.
4. DeterminationofCauchy'sConstantsofaGiven MaterialofthePrismusingSpectrometer.
5. DeterminationofRefractiveIndexofOrdinaryray μ_o andExtraordinary μ_e ray.
6. DeterminationofThicknessGivenPaperStripby WedgeMethod.
7. CalibrationofLowRangeVoltmeter.
8. CalibrationofLowRangeAmmeter.
9. DeterminationofMagneticMomentandHorizontalComponentofEarth's MagneticField.
10. LeesMethod-Coefficient ofthermalConductivity ofaBadConductor.
11. CareyFoster'sBridge–
VerificationoflawsofResistanceandDeterminationOfSpecificResistance.
12. Melde'sApparatus–FrequencyofelectricallymaintainedTuningFork.
13. Photoelectriccell-Characteristics.
14. PlanksConstants.
15. Laser-Diffraction.

MT1108FUELS LAB

CourseObjectives: At theend ofthecoursethe studentis expected to

- To know the procedures of determining various properties of fuels
- To get familiarized with the handling of equipment calorimeters and viscometers

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to conduct experiments related to fuel properties
- Ability to gain experimental skills to determine the calorific value and viscosity of given fuel sample

List of experiments:

1. Determination of Flash and fire point of oils. (Open cup)
2. Determination of Flash and fire point of oils (Closed cup)
3. Determination of Calorific value of fuels (solids, liquids) by Bomb calorimeter
4. 4. Determination of Calorific value of fuels (gaseous) by gas calorimeter.
5. To determine the kinematic and absolute viscosity of the given sample oil using Redwood Viscometer I.
6. To determine the kinematic and absolute viscosity of the given sample oil using Redwood Viscometer II.
7. Determination of carbon residue.

SYLLABUS -I/ IV SECOND SEMESTER

MT1201 MATHEMATICS-II

Course Objectives:

- The way of obtaining rank, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix.
- To know the importance of Cayley-Hamilton theorem and getting canonical form from a given quadratic form.
- To solve the system of equations by using direct and indirect methods.
- To solve first order and higher order differential equations by various methods.
- To obtain the Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms for a given functions and their applications.

Course Outcomes:

- Find rank, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix and understand the importance of Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
- Reduce quadratic form to canonical forms and solving linear systems by direct and indirect methods.
- Demonstrate solutions to first order differential equations by various methods and solve basic applications problems related to electrical circuits, orthogonal trajectories and Newton's law of cooling
- Discriminate among the structure and procedure of solving higher order differential equations with constant and variable coefficients.
- Understand Laplace transforms and its properties and finding the solution of ordinary differential equations.

SYLLABUS

Linear Algebra: Rank of a matrix- Echelon form, Normal Form - Solution of Linear System of Equations - Consistency of Linear System of Equations - Direct & Indirect Methods: Gauss elimination method, LU Factorization method, Gauss Seidal Method. Complex Matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary Matrices and their Properties.

Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors: Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors of a Matrix - Cayley-Hamilton theorem - Inverse and Powers of a Matrix using Cayley-Hamilton's theorem and its applications. Diagonalization of a Matrix - Quadratic Forms - Reduction of Quadratic Form to Canonical Form - Nature of a Quadratic Form.

Ordinary Differential Equations of First Order and its Applications: Formation of ordinary differential equations (ODEs) - Solution of an ordinary differential equation - Equations of the first order and first degree - Linear differential equation - Bernoulli's equation - Exact differential equations - Equations reducible to exact equations - Orthogonal Trajectories - Simple Electric (LR & CR) Circuits - Newton's Law of Cooling - Law of Natural growth and decay.

Differential Equations of Higher Order: Solutions of Linear Ordinary Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients - Rules for finding the complimentary function - Rules for finding the particular integral - Method of variation of parameters - Cauchy's linear equation - Legendre's linearequation - Simultaneous lineardifferentialequations.

Laplace Transforms: Introduction-Existence Conditions-Transforms of Elementary Functions - Properties of Laplace Transforms- Transforms of Derivatives- Transforms of Integrals - Multiplication by t^n - Division by t - Evaluation of integrals by Laplace Transforms - Inverse Laplace Transform- Application of Laplace Transforms to Ordinary Differential Equations - Simultaneous Linear Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients - Second Shifting Theorem- Laplace Transforms of Unit Step Function, Unit Impulse Function and Laplace Transforms of Periodic Functions.

TextBook:

1. Scope and Treatment as in "Higher Engineering Mathematics", by Dr. B. S. Grewal, 43rd edition, Khanna Publishers.

Reference Books:

1. Graduate Engineering Mathematics by V B Kumar Vatti., I.K. International publishing house Pvt. Ltd.
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig.
3. A text book of Engineering Mathematics, by N.P. Bali and Dr. Manish Goyal. Lakshmi Publications.
4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by H.K. Dass. S. Chand Company.
5. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. V. Ramana, Tata McGraw Hill Company.

MT1202 GREEN CHEMISTRY

Unit 1: Water Technology

Sources of Water – Impurities and their influence of living systems – WHO Limits – Hardness and its Determination – Boiler Troubles and their removal – Water Softening Methods – Lime-Soda, Zeolite and Ion Exchange - Municipal Water Treatment-Break Point Chlorination – Desalination of Sea Water – Reverse Osmosis Method, Electro-dialysis.

Unit 2: Batteries

Primary batteries: The chemistry - Types: Zinc-carbon (Leclanche type), zinc alkaline (Duracell), zinc/air batteries; Lithium primary cells – liquid cathode, solid cathode and lithium-ferrous sulphide cells. Secondary batteries: Lead acid and VRLA (valve regulated (sealed) lead acid), nickel-cadmium, nickel-zinc, nickel-metal hydride batteries, lithium ion batteries, ultrathin lithium polymer cells. Advanced Batteries for electric vehicles, requirements of the battery – sodium-beta and redox batteries.

Unit 3: Fuel Cells

Fuel Cells: Description, working principle, anodic, cathodic and cell reactions, fabrication of electrodes and other components, applications, advantages, disadvantages and environmental aspects of the following types of fuel cells: Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cells, alkaline fuel cells, phosphoric acid, solid oxide, molten carbonate, direct methanol fuel cells- Membranes and Fuels

Unit 4: Corrosion

Corrosion: Origin and Theory – Types of Corrosion: Chemical and Electrochemical; Pitting, Inter granular, Waterline, Stress – Galvanic Series – Factors Effecting Corrosion. Corrosion Controlling Methods, Protective Coatings, Metallic Coatings, Electroplating and Electroless Plating.

Unit 5: Green Chemistry and Technology

Introduction and significance of green chemistry, Goals of green chemistry, 12 principles of green chemistry, toxicity of chemicals, material safety data sheet (MSDS), concept of zero pollution technologies, atom economy, functional toxicity vs non-functional toxicity, functional group approaches to green chemistry, Elimination of toxic functional group, optimization of frameworks for the design of greener synthetic pathways, Applications of green chemistry - Green solvents, green fuels and propellants, biocatalysis.

Text Books

1. Engineering Chemistry – PC Jain and M. Jain – Dhanpath Rai and Sons, New Delhi.
2. A Text book of Engineering Chemistry – S. S. Dara – S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
3. Hand Book of Green Chemistry and Technology; by James Clarke and Duncan Macquarrie; Blakwell Publishing.

MT1203 ENGLISH

Course Objectives:

- To make students understand the explicit and implicit meanings of a text/topic;
- To give exposure to new words and phrases, and aid to use them in different contexts;
- To apply relevant writing formats to draft essays, letters, emails and presentations; and
- To adapt oneself to a given situation and develop a functional approach to finding solutions: adaptability and problem solving.

Course Outcomes:

- Students will be able to analyse a given text and discover the various aspects related to language and literature;
- Learn the various language structures, parts of speech and figures of speech;
- Develop one's reading and writing abilities for enhanced communication; and
- Learn to apply the topics in real-life situations for creative and critical use.

SYLLABUS

Reading: On the conduct of life: William Hazlitt

Grammar: Prepositions

Vocabulary: Word Formation I: Introduction to Word Formation

Writing: Clauses and

Sentences **Life skills: Values**

and Ethics If: Rudyard Kipling

Reading: The Brook: Alfred Tennyson

Grammar: Articles

Vocabulary: Word Formation II: Root Words from other Languages

Writing: Punctuation

Lifeskills: Self-Improvement

How I Became a Public Speaker: George Bernard Shaw

Reading: The Death Trap: Saki

Grammar: Noun-Pronoun Agreement, Subject- Verb

Agreement **Vocabulary:**

Word Formation III: Prefixes and Suffixes **Writing:** Principles of Good Writing

Life skills: Time

Management On saving Time:

Seneca **Reading:**

Chindu Yellama **Grammar:** Mispl

aced Modifiers

Vocabulary: Synonyms, Antonyms

Writing: Essay Writing

Lifeskills: Innovation Muhammad Yunus

Reading: Politics and the English Language: George Orwell

Grammar: Clichés,

Redundancies **Vocabulary:** Common

Abbreviations **Writing:** Writing

a Summary

Lifeskills: Motivation

The Dancer with a White Parasol: Ranjana Dave

Textbooks:

1. Language and Life: A Skills Approach Board of Editors, Orient Blackswan Publishers, India. 2018.

Reference Books

2. Practical English Usage, Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
3. Remedial English Grammar, F.T. Wood. Macmillan. 2007
4. On Writing Well, William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
5. Study Writing, Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasley. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
6. Communication Skills, Sanjay Kumar and Pushp Lata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
7. Exercises in Spoken English, Parts I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

MT1204 CPNM

Course Objectives:

- The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of C language.
- To provide students with understanding of code organization and functional hierarchical decomposition with using complex data types.
- To provide knowledge to the Students to develop logics which will help them to create programs, applications in C.
- This course aims to identify tasks in which the numerical techniques learned are applicable and apply them to write programs, and hence use computers effectively to solve the task.
- This course provides the fundamental knowledge which is useful in understanding the other programming languages.

Course Outcomes:

- Identify basic elements of C programming structures like data types, expressions, control statements, various simple functions and Apply them in problem solving.
- Apply various operations on derived data types like arrays and strings in problem solving.
- Design and Implement modular programming and memory management using Functions, pointers.
- Apply Structure, Unions and File handling techniques to Design and Solve different engineering programs with minimal complexity.
- Apply Numerical methods to Solve the complex Engineering problems.

SYLLABUS

Introduction to C: Basic structure of C program, Constants, Variables and data types, Operators and Expressions, Arithmetic Precedence and associativity, Type Conversions. Managing Input and Output Operations Formatted Input, Formatted Output.

Decision Making, Branching, Looping, Arrays & Strings: Decision making with if statement, Simple if statement, The if...else statement, Nesting of if...else statement, the else..if ladder, switch statement, the (?:) operator, the GOTO statement., The while statement, the do statement, The for statement, Jumps in Loops, One, Two-dimensional Arrays, Character Arrays. Declaration and initialization of Strings, reading and writing of strings, String handling functions, Table of strings.

Functions: Definition of Functions, Return Values and their Types, Function Calls, Function Declaration, Category of Functions: No Arguments and no Return Values, Arguments but no Return Values, Arguments with Return Values, No Argument but Returns a Value, Functions that Return Multiple Values. Nesting of functions, recursion, passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions, the scope, visibility and lifetime of variables.

Pointers: Accessing the address of a variable, declaring pointer variables, initializing of pointer variables, accessing variables using pointers, chain of pointers, pointer expressions, pointers and arrays, pointers and character strings, array of pointers, pointers as function arguments, functions returning pointers, pointers to functions, pointers to structures-Program Applications.

Structure and Unions: Defining a structure, declaring structure variables, accessing structure members, structure initialization, copying and comparing structure variables, arrays of structures, arrays within structures, structures within structures, structures and functions and unions, sizeof structures and bit-fields-Program applications.

File handling: Defining and opening a file, closing a file, Input/Output operations on files, Error handling during I/O operations, random access to files and Command Line Arguments-Program Applications

Numerical Methods: Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations, Bisection Method, Newton Raphson Method, Newton's forward and backward Interpolation, Lagrange's Interpolation in unequal intervals. Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rules. Solutions of Ordinary First Order Differential Equations: Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method and Runge-Kutta Method.

Text Book:

1. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, 6th Edition. McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.
2. Introduction to Numerical Methods, S. S. Sastry, Prentice Hall

Reference Books:

1. Let Us C, Yashwant Kanetkar, BPB Publications, 5th Edition.
2. Computer Science, A structured programming approach using C", B. A. Forouzan and R. F. Gilberg, " 3rd Edition, Thomson, 2007.
3. The C – Programming Language' B. W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, PHI.
4. Scientific Programming: C- Language, Algorithms and Models in Science, Luciano M. Barone (Author), Enzo Marinari (Author), Giovanni Organtini, World Scientific.

MT1205 Industry 4.0

Unit-1: Introduction to Industry 4.0

Introduction, Idea of Industry 4.0, Various Industrial Revolutions, Origin concept of Industry 4.0, Industry 4.0 Production system, How is India preparing for Industry 4.0, Comparison of Industry 4.0 Factory and Today's Factory.

Unit-2: Trends in Industry 4.0

Introduction, Main Concepts and Components of Industry 4.0, State of Art Technologies, Proposed Framework for Industry 4.0, Trends of Industrial Big Data and Smart Business Transformation.

Unit-3: Roadmap for Industry 4.0

Introduction, Proposed Framework for Technology Roadmap: Strategy Phase, Development Phase, Smart Manufacturing, Types of Smart Devices, Smart Logistics, Smart Cities, Predictive Analytics.

Unit-4: Advances in the Era of Industry 4.0

Introduction, Recent Technological Components of Robots- Advanced Sensor Technologies, Internet of Things, Industrial Robotic Applications- Manufacturing, Maintenance and Assembly, IIoT- Industrial IoT.

Unit-5: The Role of Industry 4.0 and Future Aspects

Introduction, Challenges & Future of Works and Skills for Workers in the Industry 4.0 Era, Strategies for competing in an Industry 4.0 world.

MT1206 ENGLISH LANGUAGE LAB

Course Objectives:

- To make students recognize the sounds of English through Audio-Visual aids;
- To help students build their confidence and help them to overcome their inhibitions and self-consciousness while speaking in English;
- To familiarize the students with stress and intonation and enable them to speak English effectively
- To give learner exposure to and practice in speaking in both formal and informal contexts.

Course Outcomes:

- Students will be sensitized towards recognition of English sound patterns and the fluency in their speech will be enhanced;
- A study of the communicative items in the laboratory will help students become successful in the competitive world;
- Students will be able to participate in group activities like role plays, group discussions and debates; and
- Students will be able to express themselves fluently and accurately in social as well as professional context.

SYLLABUS

Introduction to Phonetics: The Sound of English (Speech sound – vowels and consonants) – Stress and Intonation – Accent and Rhythm.

Listening Skills: Listening for gist and specific information – listening for Note taking, summarizing and for opinions – Listening to the speeches of eminent personalities.

Speaking Skills: Self-introduction – Conversation Skills (Introducing and taking leave) – Giving and asking for information – Role Play – Just A Minute (JAM) session – Telephone etiquette.

Reading and Writing skills: Reading Comprehension – Précis Writing – E-Mail writing – Punctuation.

Presentations skills: Verbal and non-verbal communication – Body Language – Making a Presentation.

Text Books:

1. Ashraf Rizvi. *Effective Technical Communication*. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi.
2. *Speak Well*. Orient Blackswan Publishers, Hyderabad.
3. Allan Pease. *Body Language*. Manjul Publishing House, New Delhi.

MT 1207 CHEMISTRY LAB

Course Objectives:

- To develop the fine skills of quantitative determination of various chemical components through titrimetric analysis
- To develop the skill of green synthesis through the preparation of a polymer/ drug

Course Outcomes:

- The course provides quantitative determination of the amount of various chemical species in solutions by titrations and conduct the quantitative determinations with accuracy
- The course provides to develop novel materials to be used as zeolite and prepare columns for removal of hardness of water
- The course provides a method to synthesise a polymer or a drug

SYLLABUS

1. Determination of Sodium Hydroxide with HCl (Na_2CO_3 Primary Standard)
2. Determination of Alkalinity (Carbonate and Hydroxide) of water sample
3. Determination of percentage of Iron in the given rust solution by external indicator method
4. Determination of total Hardness of Water sample by EDTA method
5. Preparation and analysis of Ionexchange/ Zeolite column for removal of hardness of water
6. Green Synthesis of Polymer/ drug

Reference Books:

1. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis – V – Edition – Longman.
2. Experiments in Applied Chemistry (For Engineering Students) – Sinita Rattan – S. K.Kataria & Sons, New Delhi

MT 1208 CPNM LAB

- To impart writing skill of C programming to the students and solving problems.
- To write and execute programs in C to solve problems such as Modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.,
- To write and execute programs in C to solve problems such as arrays, files, strings, structures and different numerical methods.
- This reference has been prepared for the beginner to help them understand the basic to advanced concepts related to Objective-C Programming languages.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand various computer components, Installation of software. C programming development environment, compiling, debugging, and linking and executing a program using the development environment.
- Analyzing the complexity of problems, Modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.
- Construct programs that demonstrate effective use of C features including arrays, strings, structures, pointers and files.
- Apply and practice logical ability to solve the real world problems.
- Apply Numerical methods to Solve the complex Engineering problems.

SYLLABUS

1. Write a program to read x , y coordinates of 3 points and then calculate the area of a triangle formed by them and print the coordinates of the three points and the area of the triangle. What will be the output from your program if the three given points are in a straight line?
2. Write a program, which generates 100 random integers in the range of 1 to 100. Store them in an array and then print the arrays. Write 3 versions of the program using different loop constructs. (e.g. for, while, and do while).
3. Write a set of string manipulation functions e.g. for getting a sub-string from a given position, Copying one string to another, Reversing a string, adding one string to another.
4. Write a program which determines the largest and the smallest number that can be stored in different data types like short, int, long, float, and double. What happens when you add 1 to the largest possible integer number that can be stored?
5. Write a program, which generates 100 random real numbers in the range of 10.0 to 20.0, and sort them in descending order.
6. Write a function for transposing a square matrix in place (in place means that you are not allowed to have full temporary matrix).
7. First use an editor to create a file with some integer numbers. Now write a program, which reads these numbers and determines their mean and standard deviation.
8. Given two points on the surface of the sphere, write a program to determine the smallest arc length between them.
9. Implement bisection method to find the square root of a given number to a given accuracy.
10. Implement Newton Raphson method to determine a root of a polynomial equation.
11. Given a table of x and corresponding $f(x)$ values, Write a program which will determine $f(x)$ value at an intermediate x value by using Lagrange's interpolation/
12. Write a function which will invert a matrix.
13. Implement Simpson's rule for numerical integration.
14. Write a program to solve a set of linear algebraic equations.

SYLLABUS -II/IV First semester

MT2101 METALLURGICAL THERMODYNAMICS-I

Course Objectives:

- The prime aim of this course is to apply thermodynamic to various metallurgical aspects like first law, second law, entropy, and Ellingham Diagrams.
- The course is also intended to understand basics of thermodynamics

Course Outcomes:

- Relate 1st and 2nd Law of thermodynamics
- Knowledge of enthalpy, entropy and free energy.
- Understand the principles of thermodynamics as applied equilibrium positions of chemical reactions.
- Calculate the temperature dependence of rate constants and relate this calculation to activity and fugacity.
- Use Ellingham diagrams for extraction of metals

SYLLABUS

Introduction-

Basic concepts in thermodynamics. Objectives and limitations of classical thermodynamics. Zeroth law of thermodynamics.

First Law of Thermodynamics-

Forms of Energy, Heat and Work, Joules Experiments, Conservation of Energy, Concept of Maximum Work, Isothermal Expansion, Reversible, Adiabatic Expansion, Constant Pressure Processes, Constant Volume Processes, Enthalpy.

Second Law of Thermodynamics-

Efficiency of cyclic process. Carnot cycle. Entropy. Thermodynamic equation of state. Statistical Entropy, Physical Meaning of Entropy, Boltzmann Equation, Mixing Entropy, Stirling's Approximation,

Auxiliary Functions. Fundamental Equations of State, Maxwell Relationships. Other Thermodynamic Relations, Chemical Potential, Gibbs-Helmholtz Equation, Criteria of Equilibria.

Third Law of Thermodynamics, Heat Capacity and Entropy Changes. Sensible Heats, Transformation Heats, Reaction Heats, ΔC_p , $\Delta H=f(T)$, $\Delta S=f(T)$, Adiabatic Flame Temperatures, Heat Balances.

Phase Equilibria in One Component Systems, Clausius - Clapeyron Equation, Heats of Vaporization from Vapor Pressure Data, Shift in Transformation Temperature with Pressure. Fugacity, activity and equilibrium constant. Van't Hoff's isotherm. Ellingham diagrams and application.

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to Metallurgical Thermodynamics, David R. Gaskell.
2. Problems in Thermodynamics & Kinetics, G.S. Upadhyaya and R.N. Dubey.

Reference Books:

1. Chemical Metallurgy, J.J. Moore
2. Physical Chemistry of Metals, L.S. Darken and G. Gurry, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
3. Metallurgical Thermodynamics, M.L. Kapoor Part I & II
4. Metallurgical Thermodynamics, Tupkary

MT 2102 MINERAL BENEFICIATION

Course Objectives:

- Introduce students to the principles of comminution, liberation and particle size analysis and equipments used.
- Teach students about various methods of concentration/separation and equipments used.
- Acquaint the students about quantifying concentration processes and selection of proper mineral dressing cycles for an ore/mineral.

Course Outcomes:

- Recognition of the need of the mineral dressing prior to extraction of metals.
- Describe the working and construction details of various equipments used in mineral dressing.
- Assess the efficiency of concentration processes.
- Select and describe a particular concentration process suitable to the liberated ore.

SYLLABUS

Objectives and scope: Classification of minerals. An elementary concept of liberation.

Comminution: Study of primary and secondary crushing and grinding units like Jaw, Gyratory, and reduction Gyratory and roll crushers. Theory of Ball Mill operation, Rittinger's, Kick's and Bond's laws of crushing and grinding.

Laboratory sizing units. Screening. Elutriation. Sedimentation. Representation of size analysis data. Sizing equipment used in industry. Elementary concepts of movement of solids in fluids. Stokes and Newton's laws. Reynold's number. Free and hindered settling. Classification and its application in mineral dressing.

Heavy media separation and coal washing. Tabling. Jigging. Magnetic and Electrostatic separation. Elementary treatment of principles of flotation. Surface tension, surface energy, and contact angle. Floatability, frothers, collectors and modifying agents. Differential flotation. Flotation circuits.

Study of basic de-watering techniques like-sedimentation-filtration-drying..

Textbooks:

1. Principles of Mineral Dressing, Gaudin, A.M.

References

1. Mineral Processing Technology, S.K. Jain
2. Unit operation in Chemical Engineering.

Course Objectives:

- Illustrate the application of thermodynamics and kinetics in production of pig iron and refining it.
- Outline the techniques for production and primary processing in Blast furnace.
- Differentiate between past and present production methods and examine the modern trends in iron production.
- Identify causes and effect for blast furnace irregularities and their remedial measures.

Course Outcomes:

- Identify the required parameters and design of a blast furnace and illustrate ancillary equipment and measures to be taken for starting and trouble shooting of Blast furnace process.
- Predict the physico-chemical phenomena taking place in blast furnace. Able to perform simple mass balance and complex problems.
- Identify and explain the modernization techniques to improve quantity, quality and minimization of waste.
- Able to predict the possible alternative processes to be followed suitable to the local conditions in view of energy, environmental and efficiency considerations.

SYLLABUS

Properties and testing of raw materials: Room temperature and high temperature physical properties, Reducibility tests, factors affecting reducibility.

Blast furnace and accessories: Description of modern blast furnace. Design of blast furnace stoves, Blast furnace refractories, Blast furnace cooling system, Gas cleaning system.

Charging system, Distribution of burden in blast furnace, Blast furnace instruments.

Physical chemistry: Blast furnace physical structure, blast furnace reactions, Distribution of elements in molten metal and slag. Internal and External desulphurization, Blast furnace slag properties and uses. Acid and Basic burdening practices,

Blast furnace operation, irregularities and remedies. Modern developments in blast furnace practice

Alternate routes of pig iron production: Electric arc furnace process, Low shaft furnace, Mini Blast Furnace process, Char coal furnace process. Production of wrought iron.

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to modern iron making, R.H. Tupkary
2. Introduction to modern iron making, A.K. Biswas
3. Physical Chemistry of Iron & Steel Making, C. Bodsworth

References:

1. MSTs-United Steel Corporation, Pittsburgh
2. Blast furnace theory & practice- Vol. I & II, Julius J.H. Strybgen

MT2104 PHYSICAL METALLURGY

Course Objectives:

- The prime objective of this course is to make the student gain an understanding of the relation between microstructural characteristics and properties of metals and alloys.
- The course also critically focuses on the crystallography, phase transformations that occur in several ferrous and non-ferrous metallurgical systems as a function of temperature and composition through phase equilibrium diagrams.

Course Outcomes:

- Explain the solidification of metals and alloys, mechanisms.
- Explain the necessity of alloys, will identify the different types of alloy phases.
- Explain the construction and identification of phase diagrams and reactions.
- Explain the Fe-Fe₃C diagram within invariant reactions.
- Explain the Cu-Zn and other binary diagrams and complex phase diagrams etc.

SYLLABUS

Solidification: Solidification of pure metals, alloys and eutectic. Nucleation and growth, Homogeneous and Heterogeneous, constitutional super cooling, coring and segregation.

Phase rule, principles of construction and interpretation of binary phase diagrams. Invariant reactions, Free energy composition diagrams, uses and limitations of phase diagrams.

Equilibrium and non-equilibrium phase diagrams-Fe-C, Cu-Zn, Cu-Sn, Al-Si, Al-Cu, Pb-Sn. Ternary diagrams and interpretation of Structures on cooling.

Diffusion of metals-Fick's law, mechanisms of diffusion, solutions to diffusion Equations, diffusion in alloys, Kirkendall effect, Factors affecting, diffusion, grain Boundary diffusion, applications.

Textbooks:

1. Physical Metallurgy- S.H. Avner
2. Physical Metallurgy -V. Raghavan
3. Physical Metallurgy -Vijendra Singh
4. Mechanical Metallurgy -G.E. Dieter

Reference book:

1. Physical Metallurgy-R.E. Reed Hill

MT2105 MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Course Objectives:

- To bring about an awareness about the nature of Managerial Economics and its linkages with other disciplines.
- To understand the Micro and Macro Environment of Business.
- To familiarize the prospective engineers with the concepts and tools of Managerial Economics with an objective to understand the real world of business.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the various economic activities in business and industry.

- Analyse the real world business problems.
- Make optimal business decisions for the effective and efficient management of Organisations.

SYLLABUS

Significance of Economics and Managerial Economics:

Economics: Definitions of Economics -

Wealth, Welfare and Scarcity definitions Classification of Economics - Micro and Macro Economics.

Managerial Economics: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics, Differences between Economics and Managerial Economics, Main areas of Managerial Economics, Managerial Economics with other disciplines.

Demand and Utility Analysis:

Demand - Definition, Meaning, Nature and types of demand, Demand function, Law of demand - Assumptions and limitations. Exceptional demand curve.

Elasticity of demand - Definition, Measurement of elasticity, Types of Elasticity (Price, Income, Cross and Advertisement), Practical importance of Price elasticity of demand, Role of income elasticity in business decisions, Factors governing Price Elasticity of demand.

Utility Analysis: Utility- Meaning, Types of Economic Utilities, Cardinal and Ordinal Utility, Total Utility, Marginal Utility, The law of Diminishing Marginal Utility and its Limitations.

Theory of Production and Cost analysis:

Production - Meaning, Production function and its assumptions, use of production function in decision making;

Cost analysis- Nature of cost, Classification of costs - Fixed vs. Variable costs, Marginal cost, Controllable vs. Non - Controllable costs, Opportunity cost, Incremental vs. Sunk costs, Explicit vs. Implicit costs, Replacement costs, Historical costs, Urgent vs. Postponable costs, Escapable vs. Unavoidable costs, Economies and Diseconomies of scale.

Market Structures : Definition of Market, Classification of markets; Salient features or conditions of different markets - Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Duopoly, Oligopoly, Importance of kinked demand curve; Monopolistic Competition.

Pricing Analysis : Pricing – Significance; Different Pricing methods- Cost plus pricing, Target pricing, Marginal cost pricing, Going -rate pricing, Average cost pricing, Peak load pricing, Pricing of joint Products, Pricing over the life cycle of a Product, Skimming pricing Penetration pricing, Mark-up and Mark-down pricing of retailers.

Business cycles - Definition, Characteristics, Phases, Causes and Consequences; Measures to solve problems arising from Business cycles.

Text Books:

1. Sankaran, S., Managerial Economics, Marghan Publications, 2015, Chennai.
2. Aryasri, A.R., Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, MC Graw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Dwivedi, D.N., Managerial Economics, Vikhas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

6th Edition, New Delhi, 2004.

2. Dewett, K.K., Modern Economic Theory, S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.

MT2106 MATERIALS SCIENCE

Course Objectives:

- To describe the basics of crystal structure and its types
- To gain a thorough knowledge about crystal defects
- To impart knowledge about the uses and application of polymers
- Explain the uses and applications of various ceramics
- Describe about the uses and application of various foams

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will

- Use and apply basics of material science in his own branch of engineering
- Appreciate the importance of polymers and their classification and apply the knowledge for the practical applications
- Describe the properties of ceramics and choose a particular ceramic for a given application.
- Correlate the structure, property and application of ceramics and polymers.

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Classification of materials, Space lattice and unit cells,

Crystal systems Indices for planes and directions. Structures of common metallic materials.

Crystal defects: Point, Line and surface defects. Dislocations, types, Burgers' Vector. Dislocation movement by slip, climb and cross slip. Dislocation sources.

Slip systems for BCC, FCC and HCP metals, Critical resolved shear stress (CRSS) for slip, Twinning, Stacking faults, Jogs, Kinks.

Polymers: Classification, properties and applications, Molecular structure of polymers, Polymerization, Mechanical properties of polymers

Ceramics: Classification, properties and applications, Mechanical properties of Ceramics, Glass and Glass ceramics, Processing of Ceramics

Foams: Classification, properties and applications of foams of metallic, polymer and ceramic

Textbooks:

1. Textbook of Polymer Science; Fred W. Billmeyer, Wiley 2007
2. Introduction to Ceramics; Kingery, Bowen, Uhlman. Wiley India Pvt Limited, 2012
3. Composite Materials: Science and Engineering; Krishan K. Chawla, Springer, 2012

MT2107 MINERAL BENEFICIATION LAB

Course Objectives:

- This laboratory course critically deals with the experiments related to dressing principles
- Apart from this, it also concerns about laboratory models of mineral dressing operations

Course Outcomes:

- Pick or take a representative amount of sample and conduct sieve analysis
- Determine the reduction ratio in crushing and grinding of different materials using various size reduction units
- Analyze the grindability of different coals
- Separate or concentrate the given materials using froth flotation processes

List of experiments:

1. Sampling by coning and quartering and riffle sampler.
2. Determination of average particle size by sieve analysis.
3. Determination of optimum time of sieving.
4. Studies on size reduction using laboratory Jaw Crusher.
5. Studies on size reduction using laboratory Roll Crusher.
6. Studies on size reduction using laboratory Ball Mill.
7. Heavy media separations (sink and float experiment)
8. Laboratory experimentation Froth Flotation.
9. Determination of Grindability of Coal.

MT2108 MOULDING AND CASTING PRACTICE

Course Objectives:

- To study moulding ingredients
- To understand mould making procedures for wet and dry processes
- To know the structural changes and hardness
- To know the problems during melting and casting of pure metals and alloys

Course Outcomes:

- To get moulding skill in various moulding processes
- To gain knowledge in developing proper melting and casting procedures of various alloys
- To know the structural and property changes on effect of moulding practices of important engineering alloys

SYLLABUS

Introduction to various moulding ingredients and moulding practices of:

1. Wet moulding - Bentonite based process
2. Dry moulding - Sodium silicate process
 - a. CO₂ process
 - b. Ferro silicon process

Melting and casting practices of:

1. Pure aluminium

2. Al-Cubinaryalloys
3. Al-Cu-Mgternaryalloys

Evaluation of Castings:

1. Visual inspection
2. Microstructure studies
3. Hardness survey

MT 2109 PROFESSIONAL LAWS & ETHICS AND UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES

Course Objectives:

- To recognize the moral values that should guide the Engineering profession.
- To resolve moral issues concerning one's profession.
- To develop and exhibit a set of moral beliefs and attitudes that engineers should inculcate.
- To inculcate social values and morality in one's life.
- To develop awareness about Professional/Engineering Ethics and Human Values.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- Apply the conceptual understanding of ethics and values into everyday practice.
- Understand the importance of moral awareness and reasoning in life.
- Acquire professional and moral etiquette that an engineer requires.
- Develop the acumen for self-awareness and self-development.
- Develop cultural tolerance and integrity.
- Tackle real-life challenges with empathy.

CONTENTS

Unit - I: HUMAN VALUES

Values - Respect - Caring - Sharing - Honesty- Courage - Self confidence - Communal Harmony
Morals - Virtues

Unit –II PROFESSIONAL VALUES

Integrity - Discipline - Valuing time - Cooperation - Commitment - Code of conduct - Challenges in the workplace

Unit – III PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Overview - Engineering ethics - Moral issues - Profession - Models of professional roles - Responsibility

Unit – IV RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

Safety and risk - Collegiality and loyalty - Confidentiality - Occupational crime - Human rights - Employee rights - Intellectual property rights

Unit – V GLOBAL ISSUES

Globalization - Environmental ethics - Computer ethics - Code of ethics - Multinational corporations - Engineers as advisors in Planning and Policy making

Suggested Textbook:

R.S. Nagarazan. *A Textbook on Professional Ethics and Human Values*. New Age International Publishers. 2006.

Reference Books:

Premvir Kapoor. *Professional Ethics and Human Values*. Khanna Publishing House. 2019.
B.S. Raghavan. *Human Values and Professional Ethics*. S.Chand Publications. 2012.
R.R. Gaur & Others. *A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics*. Excel Books. 2009.
A. N. Tripathi. *Human Values*. New Age International (P) Limited. 2009
R. Subramanian. *Professional Ethics*. OUP India. 2013.

MT2201 HEAT TREATMENT

Course Objectives:

- This course is mainly designed to impart knowledge about basic principles and process variables of different heat treatment processes.
- To understand the techniques of thermomechanical treatment, surface hardening techniques, heat treatment of steels, cast irons, nonferrous alloys in detail.
- To gain basic knowledge about different types of phase transformations, cooling curves and effect of alloying elements on cooling curves..

Course Outcomes:

- To demonstrate a critical understanding of the importance of heat treatment in achieving fit for purpose in steels
- To apply and interpret phase and continuous cooling diagrams to assess the impact of a range of heat treatment procedures
- To choose and justify a procedure for a particular alloy in order to achieve the properties required for a particular engineering application

SYLLABUS

Phase transformation in Fe-C system, Critical temperatures. Austenite grain size designation. Inherently fine-grained and inherently coarse grained steel. Importance of grain size and its determination. Heat Treatment Furnaces and atmospheres.

T-T-T Curves. Effect of cooling on transformation of austenite, pearlite, bainite and martensite. Annealing, normalizing, hardening and tempering of steels. Austempering and Martempering . Patenting and spheroidizing.

Effect of alloying elements. Hardenability of steels. Factors affecting and its determination. Thermo-mechanical treatments. Ausforming.

Surface hardening. Carburising, nitriding, cyaniding, carbonitriding. Induction and flame hardening.

Textbooks:

1. Heat Treatment Principles and Techniques - T.V. Rajan, C.P. Sharma and Ashok Sharma
2. Heat treatment of metals, Zakharov

References:

1. Physical Metallurgy, V. Raghavan
2. Introduction to Physical Metallurgy, S.H. Avner
3. Physical Metallurgy Principles, R.E. Reed-Hill.
4. Physical Metallurgy for Engineers, Clark and Varney

MT2202 METALLURGICAL THERMODYNAMICS–II

Course Objectives:

- The laws of diffusion.
- Interpret Ellingham diagrams
- Identify metallurgical thermodynamics principles to be applied in phase diagrams.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand and able to use Fick's I and II law.
- Interpret Ellingham Diagram for oxides
- Understand the thermal properties of solids, specifically, specific heat and some models for specific heat calculation.
- Knowledge of ideal and regular solutions and free energy of mixing.
- Apply the phase rule on the metallurgical systems.
- Understanding of the nature of polarized electrochemical reactions and an introduction of their application in corrosion behavior of metals.

SYLLABUS

The Behavior of Gases: Compressibility Factor, Law of Corresponding States, Equations of State, Fugacity. Reactions Equilibria - The effect of temperature and pressure on equilibrium constant.

Equilibria in Gaseous Systems: The Equilibrium Constant and ΔG° , Reaction Extent Problems, Equilibria in Systems Containing Condensed Phases, Ellingham Diagram, Activities.

Solution Thermodynamics - Thermodynamic solutions. Raoult's law. Henry's law. Sievert's law. Absolute and Partial and Integral Molar Quantities, Relative and Partial Integral

Molar Quantities, Ideal Solutions, Excess Quantities, Gibb's Duhem Equation, Tangent Intercept Method, $a=f(T)$, Change in Reference State, 1 wt % Reference State Interaction Parameters. Actual solutions. Regular solutions.

Application of the laws of thermodynamics to metallurgical processes, electrochemistry, interfacial phenomena, extraction and refining of materials.

Kinetics of Metallurgical reactions. Collision theory. Theory of absolute reaction rates.

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to Metallurgical Thermodynamics, David R. Gaskell.
2. Problems in Thermodynamics & Kinetics, G.S. Upadhyaya and R.N. Dubey.

Reference Books:

1. Chemical Metallurgy, J.J. Moore
2. Physical Chemistry of Metals, L.S. Darken and G. Gurry, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
3. Metallurgical Thermodynamics, M.L. Kapoor Part I & II
4. Metallurgical Thermodynamics, Tupkary.

MT2203 Python programming theory

Course Objectives

1. To develop skills on procedural oriented and object oriented programming in Python
2. To understand and apply different data wrangling techniques using Python.
3. To perform data analysis using python libraries like NumPy, Pandas and exploratory data analysis using Matplotlib

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, a student should be able to:

1. acquire programming knowledge on Basics of Python
2. acquire programming knowledge on Text and File Handling
3. develop Python programs to Mean, Median, Mode, Correlation
4. acquire programming knowledge on NumPy, Pandas Library
5. acquire programming knowledge on Graph Visualizations in Python and Data Analysis using Python

Syllabus

1. **Introduction to Python: Rapid Introduction to Procedural Programming, Data Types:** Identifiers and Keywords, Integral Types, Floating Point Types

Strings: Strings, Comparing Strings, Slicing and Striding Strings, String Operators and Methods, String formatting with str.format

Collections Data Types: Tuples, Lists, Sets, dictionaries, Iterating and copying collections

2. **Python Control Structures, Functions and OOP: Control Structures and Functions:** Conditional Branching, Looping, Exception Handling, Custom Functions

Python Library Modules: random, math, time, os, shutil, sys, glob, re, statistics, creating a custom module

Object Oriented Programming: Object Oriented Concepts and Terminology, Custom Classes, Attributes and Methods, Inheritance and Polymorphism, Using Properties to Control Attribute Access

File Handling: Writing and Reading Binary Data, Writing and Parsing Text Files

3. **NumPy Arrays and Vectorized Computation:** NumPy arrays, Array creation, Indexing and slicing, Fancy indexing, Numerical operations on arrays, Array functions, Data processing using arrays, Loading and saving data, Saving an array, Loading an array, Linear algebra with NumPy, NumPy random numbers
4. **Data Analysis with Pandas:** An overview of the Pandas package, The Pandas data structure-Series, The DataFrame, The Essential Basic Functionality: Reindexing and altering labels, Head and tail, Binary operations, Functional statistics, Function application, Sorting, Indexing and selecting data, Computational tools, Working with Missing Data, Advanced Uses of Pandas for Data Analysis - Hierarchical indexing, The Panel data
5. **Data Analysis Application Examples:** Data munging, Cleaning data, Filtering, Merging data, Reshaping data, Data aggregation, Grouping data
6. **Data Visualization:** The matplotlib API primer-Line properties, Figures and subplots, Exploring plot types-Scatter plots, Bar plots, Histogram plots, Legends and annotations, Plotting functions with Pandas

Text Books

1. Programming in Python 3: A Complete Introduction to Python Language, Mark Summerfield, Second Edition, Addison-Wesley Publications
2. Python: End-to-End Data Analysis Learning Path, Module 1: Getting Started with Python Data Analysis, Phuong VoThiHong, Martin Czygan, Packt Publishing Ltd

Reference Books

1. Learning Python, 5th Edition, Mark Lutz, Orielly Publications
2. Python for Data Analysis, Wes McKinney, Orielly Publications
3. How to Think Like a Computer Scientist: Learning with Python 3 Documentation 3rd Edition, Peter Wentworth, Jeffrey Elkner, Allen B. Downey, Chris Meyers
4. Core Python Programming, Second Edition, Wesley J. Chun, Prentice Hall
5. Python Cookbook – Recipes for Mastering Python 3, 3rd Edition, David Beazley, Brian K. Jones, Oreilly

MT2204NONFERROUSEXTRACTIVEMETALLURGY–I

Course Objectives:

- To explain the various methods of extraction of non ferrous metals.
- To describe the procedure and equipment used for production of non ferrous metals from their ores.

Course Outcomes:

- Get detailed information about the properties of non ferrous metals, ores of non ferrous metals, pre treatment processes, thermodynamics and kinetics involved in extraction process
- Describe and explain ore treatment techniques and learn the fundamental concepts of metallurgical pre-treatment methods, production of metals from ore, concentrate and secondary sources
- Emphasize the strategic importance of raw and supplementary materials in the production, and explain the concepts of technological and economical feasibility
- Identify the beneficiation of byproducts materialize during the metal production, within the framework of technology-environment-ecology
- Explain processes based on an advanced thermodynamic perspective and explain material and energy flows related to extraction of metals and alloys
- Understand about Extractive metallurgy processes and explain their relative merits and demerits and also Conduct a detailed and individual research about production of a specific metal, as part of their responsibility.

SYLLABUS

Extraction of Metals: Aluminum Uses. Ores. Bayer's process of Alumina production. Hall-Heroult process. Cryolite and carbon electrode manufacture. Hoopes process of refining. Indian plant practice. New processes. Alcoa process.

Magnesium: Uses. Ores. Pidgeon's process. Extraction by Dow's process.

Tin: Uses. Ores. Concentration, smelting and refining.

Copper. Uses. Pyro-metallurgical processes. New processes. Flash smelting. WORCA and Noranda processes. Hydro-metallurgy of copper. Copper production in India. Nickel: Brief description of Ni extraction from sulphide ores.

Lead: Uses. Ores. Treatment of ore and production of metal.

Zinc: Uses. Pyro-metallurgical and hydro-metallurgical extraction methods. Imperial smelting process.

Textbooks:

1. Extraction of Non-Ferrous Metals, HS Ray, RSridhar and KP Abraham

Reference Books:

1. Metallurgy of Non-Ferrous Metals, Dennis, WH
2. Non-Ferrous Metallurgy, Sebyukov, N Min, Pub. Moscow

MT2205 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To gain an understanding of the response of various metals under the application of stress and/or temperature.
- To build necessary theoretical background of the role of lattice defects in governing both the elastic and plastic properties of metals will be discussed.
- Obtain a working knowledge of various hardness testing machines BHN, VHN, RHN
- Obtain a working knowledge of creep and fatigue and analysis of data.

Course Outcomes:

- Describe and correlate the structure and mechanical properties of different kinds of metals.
- Identify, formulate and solve engineering problems related to mechanical behaviour.
- To know the behaviour of material under different loading conditions.
- Demonstrate fracture, and fatigue control on structure.
- Selection of proper testing method to analyze physical structure and hardness of material.
- Knowledge of how to incorporate material strength limitation into engineering design.

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Importance of testing.

Tension test: Engineering stress-strain curve. True stress and true strain diagram.

measurements. Typical stress-strain diagrams. Yield point phenomenon, strain ageing.

Ductility

Compression Test: Fundamentals of testing, applications.

Hardness test: Introduction, Brinell, Vickers and Rockwell hardness, Microhardness.

Fracture: Introduction, types of fracture in metals. Brittle fracture and impact testing: The problems of brittle fracture. Notched bar impact tests, significance of transition temperature, metallurgical factors affecting transition temperature

Creep and stress rupture: The creep curve. Stress rupture test. Structural changes during creep, mechanisms of creep deformation, High temperature alloys, presentation of engineering creep data, prediction of long time properties

Fatigue: Introduction, Stress cycles, S-N diagram, mechanisms of fatigue, Factors influencing fatigue properties, corrosion fatigue, thermal fatigue.

Textbooks:

1. Mechanical Metallurgy, George E Dieter, McGraw Hill.
2. Testing of Materials, A. V. K. Suryanarayana, Prentice Hall of India.

Reference Books:

1. Testing of Engineering Materials, Donald et al., McGraw Hills.
2. Metal handbook

MT2206 METALLOGRAPHY LAB

Course Outcomes

- Can describe the metallurgical microscope, sample preparation, mounting and use/choosing of different etching reagents.
- Can identify and report the microstructural features of ferrous and non-ferrous samples observed.
- Can operate optical microscope with an ease
- Characterize microstructures of engineering alloys using optical microscopy

SYLLABUS

About 12 experiments on the Metallography of common ferrous and Non-Ferrous metals and alloys, experiments on thermal analysis.

MT2207 Python programming LAB

Course Objectives

1. familiarize students with key data structures in Python including lists and dictionaries and apply them in context of searching, sorting, text and file handling
2. introduce students to calculation of statistical measures using Python such as measures of central tendency, correlation
3. familiarize students with important Python data related libraries such as Numpy and Pandas and use them to manipulate arrays and dataframes
4. introduce students to data visualization in Python through creation of line plots, histograms, scatter plots, box plots and others
5. implementation of basic machine learning tasks in Python including pre-processing data, dimensionality reduction of data using PCA, clustering, classification and cross-validation.

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

1. implement searching, sorting and handle text and files using Python data structures such as lists and dictionaries
2. calculate statistical measures using Python such as measures of central tendency, correlation
3. use Python data related libraries such as Numpy and Pandas and create data visualizations

4. implement basic machine learning tasks pre-processing data, compressing data, clustering, classification and cross-validation.

Syllabus

1. Python Programs on lists & Dictionaries
2. Python Programs on Searching and sorting
3. Python Programs on Text Handling
4. Python Programs on File Handling
5. Python Programs for calculating Mean, Mode, Median, Variance, Standard Deviation
6. Python Programs for Karl Pearson Coefficient of Correlation, Rank Correlation
7. Python Programs on NumPy Arrays, Linear algebra with NumPy
8. Python Programs for creation and manipulation of DataFrames using Pandas Library
9. Write a Python program for the following.
 - Simple Line Plots,
 - Adjusting the Plot: Line Colors and Styles, Axes Limits, Labeling Plots,
 - Simple Scatter Plots,
 - Histograms,
 - Customizing Plot Legends,
 - Choosing Elements for the Legend,
 - Boxplot
 - Multiple Legends,
 - Customizing Colorbars,
 - Multiple Subplots,
 - Text and Annotation,
 - Customizing Ticks
10. Python Programs for Data preprocessing: Handling missing values, handling categorical data, bringing features to same scale, selecting meaningful features
11. Python Program for Compressing data via dimensionality reduction: PCA
12. Python Programs for Data Clustering
13. Python Programs for Classification
14. Python Programs for Model Evaluation: K-fold cross validation

Reference Books

1. Core Python Programming, Second Edition, Wesley J. Chun, Prentice Hall
2. Chris Albon, "Machine Learning with Python Cookbook-practical solutions from preprocessing to Deep learning", O'REILLY Publisher,2018
3. Mark Summerfield, Programming in Python 3--A Complete Introduction to the Python Language, Second Edition, Addison Wesley
4. Phuong Vo.T.H , Martin Czygan, Getting Started with Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd
5. Armando Fandango, Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd
6. Magnus VilhelmPersson and Luiz Felipe Martins, Mastering Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing

Ltd

7. Sebastian Raschka & Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning", Packt Publisher, 2017

MT2208 WELDING PRACTICE

Course Objectives:

- Study of welding procedures for metals and alloys
- Study of structural changes and hardness
- Study of problems during welding of ferrous and non-ferrous alloys

Course Outcomes:

- Get welding skill in joining various engineering alloys
- Gain knowledge in use of proper procedure in welding of various alloys
- Know the structural and property changes during welding of important engineering alloys

SYLLABUS

Welding procedure : Cleaning, Edge preparation and Selection of welding parameters

Shielded Metal Arc Welding and Gas Tungsten Arc Welding

Welding of mild steel, Welding of Stainless steels, Welding of Aluminium alloy, Welding of Titanium alloy

Identification of various zones Microstructural changes, Hardness survey

Text Books:

1. Welding Technology - RSP Parmar

Reference Books:

1. Metal Casting and Joining - KC John

MT2209 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Objectives:

- Familiarize the fundamental aspects of environment and the environmental management
- Provide information of some of the important international conventions which will be useful during the future endeavors after graduation.
- Make realize the importance of natural resources management for the sustenance of the life and the society.
- Apprise the impact of pollution getting generated through the anthropogenic activities on the environment
- Provide the concept of Sustainable Development, energy and environmental management
- Impart knowledge on the new generation waste like e-waste and plastic waste.

Course Outcomes:

- Knowledge on the fundamental aspects of environment and the environmental management
- The knowledge on the salient features of the important international conventions
- Understanding of the importance of natural resources management for the sustenance of the life and the society.
- Familiarity on various forms of pollution and its impact on the environment.

- Understand the elements of Sustainable Development, energy and environmental management
- Knowledge on the new generation waste like e-waste and plastic waste.

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Structure and functions of Ecosystems - Ecosystems and its Dynamics - Value of Biodiversity - impact of loss of biodiversity, Conservation of biodiversity. Environmental indicators

- Global environmental issues and their impact on the ecosystems.

Salient features of International conventions on Environment: Montreal Protocol, Kyoto protocol, Ramsar Convention on Wetlands, Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC),

Natural Resources Management: Importance of natural resources management - Land as resource, Land degradation, Soil erosion and desertification, Effects of usage of fertilizer, herbicides and pesticide - watershed management.

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, Mining and dams – their effects on forest ecosystems and the living beings.

Water resources: Exploitation of surface and groundwater, Floods, droughts, Dams: benefits and costs.

Mineral Resources: Impact of mining on the environment and possible environmental management options in mining and processing of the minerals.

Sustainable resource management (land, water, and energy), and resilient design under the changing environment.

Environmental Pollution: Local and Global Issues. Causes, effects and control measures. Engineering aspects of environmental pollution control systems.

Air pollution: impacts of ambient and indoor air pollution on human health. Water pollution: impacts water pollution on human health and loss of fresh water resources. Soil pollution and its impact on environment. Marine pollution and its impact on blue economy. Noise pollution.

Solid waste management: Important elements in solid waste management - Waste to energy concepts. Air (prevention and control of pollution) Act, Water (prevention and control of pollution) Act and their amendments. Salient features of Environmental protection Act, 1986.

Sustainable Development: Fundamentals of Sustainable Development – Sustainability Strategies and Barriers – Industrialization and sustainable development. Circular economy concepts in waste (solid and fluid) management.

Energy and Environment: Environmental Benefits and challenges, Availability and need of conventional energy resources, major environmental problems related to the conventional energy resources, future possibilities of energy need and availability. Solar Energy: process of photovoltaic energy conversion, solar energy conversion technologies and devices, their principles, working and applications, disposal of solar panel after their usage. Biomass energy: Concept of biomass energy utilization, types of biomass energy, conversion processes, Wind Energy, energy conversion technologies, their principles, equipment and suitability in context of India.

Management of plastic waste and E-waste: Sources, generation and characteristics of various e- and plastic wastes generated from various industrial and commercial activities; Waste management practices including on-site handling, storage, collection and transfer. E-waste and plastic waste

processing alternatives. E-Waste management rules and Plastic waste management rules, 2016 and their subsequent amendments.

Text Books:

1. Bharucha, Erach (2004). Textbook for Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses of all Branches of Higher Education, University Grants Commission, New Delhi.
2. Basu, M., Xavier, S. (2016). Fundamentals of Environmental Studies, Cambridge University Press, India
3. Masters, G.M., & Ela, W.P. (1991). Introduction to environmental engineering and science. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.
4. Enger, E. and Smith, B., Environmental Science: A Study of Interrelationships, Publisher: McGraw-Hill Higher Education; 12th edition, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Sharma, P.D., & Sharma, P.D. (2005). Ecology and environment. Rastogi Publications
2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
3. Clark R.S. (2001). Marine Pollution, Clarendon Press Oxford (TB)
4. Jadhav, H & Bhosale, V.M. (1995). Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House, Delhi 284 p.
5. MoEF & CC, Govt. of India, CPCB: E-waste management rules, 2016 and its amendments 2018.
6. MoEF & CC, Govt. of India, CPCB: Plastic waste management rules, 2016.

SYLLABUS -III/IV First semester

MT3101 FOUNDRY TECHNOLOGY

Course Objectives:

- To study the science and engineering of casting.
- To study the various moulding materials and techniques
- To study various types of patterns and materials

Course Outcomes:

After completing this course the student have:

- Knowledge of technical procedures of making patterns and moulds
- The ability to design gating system for the castings

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Status of foundry industry and comparison with other manufacturing processes. Types of foundries. Basic operations.

Patterns. Pattern making. Materials for pattern making. Types of patterns .Pattern allowance. Core boxes.

Moulding materials. Properties. Preparation and testing. Moulding processes. Sand moulding. **Moulding techniques.** Hand and machine compaction. Machine moulding. Cores and core making. Sodium silicate processes. Shell, Investment and Die-casting. Centrifugal casting.

Solidification—Crystallization and development of cast structure. Directional solidification. Principles of gating and risering. Modernization and mechanization of foundries.

Text Books:

1. Principles of Metal Casting, Heine, Loper and Rosenthal, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Principles of Foundry Technology, P.L. Jain, Tata McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Foundry Technology, PR Beely, London-Butterworths

MT3102 ADVANCES IN IRON MAKING

Course Objectives:

- This course introduces the principles of sponge iron making
- To know the various smelting reduction processes

Course Outcomes:

- Describe the physical and chemical processes that take place during sponge iron making
- To familiarize with recent developments in iron making
- Describe various methods of smelting and reduction

SYLLABUS

Sponge Ironmaking: Principles and classification of sponge iron processes, Coal based processes: Rotary kiln process; Rotary hearth furnace process (Fastmet process, ITmk3 process); Gas based processes—Finmet process, Midrex process, HYL processes (HYL-III & HYL-IVM processes).

Smelting Reduction (SR): Fundamental of SR, Classification and important SR processes: Mini Blast Furnace process, COREX process, Finex process, Fastmelt process, Hismelt process, Romelt process.

Textbooks:

1. Ironmaking & Steel Making- Theory and Practice- Ahindra Ghosh, Amit Chatterjee
2. Sponge Iron Production by Direct reduction of Iron Oxide—Amit Chatterjee

Reference Books:

1. Hot metal production by Smelting Reduction of Iron Oxide—Amit Chatterjee

MT3103 NONFERROUS EXTRACTIVE METALLURGY -II

Course Objectives:

- To know the extraction procedures of gold, silver and various nuclear metals
- To know the basics of nuclear reactor technology

Course Outcomes:

- Able to understand the extraction procedures used for Gold and Silver

- Able to know the procedures and principles of extracting various nuclear metals
- Able to know the working of Nuclear reactors and its technology
- To know the production practice of nuclear metals in India

SYLLABUS

Production flowsheet of extraction of Gold and Silver.

Uranium. Extraction of Uranium. Production flow sheet of Jaduguda

ore. Production flowsheets of extraction of Thorium.

Brief outlines of extraction of Plutonium.

Titanium. Production of Titanium chloride from Ilmenite. Production of Ti sponge. Zirconium production in India.

Nuclear Reactor Technology. Fuel for nuclear reactors. Basic components of a reactor characteristics and requirements. Types of reactors.

Textbooks:

1. Extraction of Non-Ferrous Metals, HSRay, RSridhar and KP Abraham

References:

1. Metallurgy of Non-Ferrous Metals, Dennis, WH
2. Non-Ferrous Metallurgy, Sebyukov, NMin, Pub. Moscow

MT3106 HEAT TREATMENT LAB

Course Objectives:

- Conduct heat treatment in furnaces under suitable/required time, temperature and atmospheric conditions.
- Modify the microstructures of metals and alloys through heat treatment practice for obtaining desired properties in present and future.

Course Outcomes:

- To modify the bulk and surface properties of steels.
- To determine hardenability by performing Jominy end quench test
- Analyze, correlate and interpret the results obtained in the tests conducted.
- Report the observations in a proper format.

SYLLABUS

List of Experiments:

1. Annealing, Normalizing, hardening and tempering of steels.
2. Recovery and recrystallization of cold worked metal.
3. Effect of quenching media on hardening
4. Study of welded structures.
5. Jominy End Quench Test.
6. Pack carburizing of low carbon steels.
7. Age hardening of aluminum alloys
8. Effect of time and temperature on tempering

Text Books:

1. Heat Treatment of Metals - Zakharov
2. Heat Treatment Principle and Techniques - Rajan & Sharma

Reference Books:

1. Physical Metallurgy - Lakhtin
2. Physical Metallurgy - Clark and Varney
3. Physical Metallurgy Principles - Reed Hill
4. Physical Metallurgy - Raghavan

MT3107 METAL CASTING LAB

Course Objectives:

- Introduce and explain various properties of moulding sand
- To know the procedure of testing moulding sand

Course Outcomes:

- Have fundamental knowledge of properties of moulding sand
- Understand test procedures of mould sand properties
- Have basic knowledge of ranges of moulding sand properties
- Evaluate suitability of various sands for moulding purpose
- Learn more by practical knowledge and develop their scientific and technical competences in the field of foundry.

List of Experiments

Various sand tests will be carried out to evaluate the mould properties. The tests are included like:

1. Clay content
2. AFS grain size measurement
3. Permeability test
4. Green Compression

5. GreenShear
6. DryCompression
7. Dryshear
8. Toughness
9. Hardness
10. ShatterIndex

TextBooks:

1. Heine, Loper and Rosenthal, "Principles of Metal Casting", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co, Ltd; New Delhi, 1995.
2. Foundry Technology - Devendra Kumar and S. K. Jain
3. Metals Handbook Vol. 5 published by ASM, Ohio.
4. Foundry Technology - Jain.
5. Foundry Technology Principle - Ramana Rao.

MT3108 FOUNDRY PRACTICE

Course Objectives:

- Broad knowledge about different types of melting and casting practices
- To know the foundry practice of various cast irons
- Understand issues related to melting practices of non-ferrous metals and alloys.

Course Outcomes:

- To know the melting procedures of non-ferrous metals and alloys
- Understanding foundry practice of various types of cast irons
- Able to know the reasons for the defects in castings
- Able to know the procedure of quality control of castings

SYLLABUS

General principles of melting and casting practices

Various melting furnaces and its operation: Cupola, Induction furnace and Electric Arc furnace. Melting practice of non-ferrous materials: Al, Cu and Mg alloys.

Foundry practices of white, gray, SG and malleable irons. Alloy cast irons. Steel foundry practice.

Defects in castings.

Fettling.

Inspection and quality control.

Modernization and mechanization of foundries

Textbooks:

1. Principles of Metal Casting, Heine, Loper and Rosenthal, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Foundry Technology, P. C. Jain, Tata McGraw Hill
3. Foundry Technology, P. R. Beely, London - Butterworths.

Reference Books:

1. Heine, Loper and Rosenthal, "Principles of Metal Casting", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co, Ltd; New Delhi, 1995.

2. Foundry Technology -DevendraKumar andS.K.Jain
3. MetalsHandbook Vol.5published byASM, Ohio.
4. FoundryTechnology-Jain.
5. FoundryTechnologyPrinciple-RamanRao.

SYLLABUS-III/IVSecond semester

MT3201 METALFORMING

CourseObjectives:

- ToKnowthemechanicalandmetallurgicalfundamentalsformetalformingprocesses.
- ToKnowtheprocessesparameters,formingloads,processdesignandtool designindifferent processes.
- ToAnalyze the behavior ofmetals duringplasticdeformation.

CourseOutcomes:

- Compareandclassifydifferentformingprocesses.
- Analyzethebehaviourofmaterialsduringformingprocesses.
- Determineformingprocessescontrollingparameters.
- Estimaterequiredformingloads,powersofdifferntformingequipmentandprocesses.
- Determinethecauseofthedefectsthatmaytakeplaceduringformingprocesses.
- Integrateknowlegainedinthiscoursetoselectanddesignacompletemetalformingsystem.

SYLLABUS

Fundamentals of metal working. Classification of forming processes, Temperature in metal working, Strain-rate effects, Metallurgical Structure, Friction and Lubrication.

Forging: Classification, Forging equipment, Open die and closed die forging, Calculation of forging loads in closed die forging and Forging defects.

Rolling classification. Rolling mills and accessories. Hot and cold rolling. Forces and geometric relationships in rolling. Rolling variables. Problems and defects in rolled products.

Extrusion: Classification, Extrusion equipment, Hot extrusion, lubrication and defects in extrusion. Extrusion of tubing.

Drawing of rods, wires and tubes. Sheet metal forming.

Text Books:

1. Mechanical Metallurgy by G.E. Dieter McGraw Hill Book Co.,
2. Introduction to Physical Metallurgy by S.H. Anver, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Mechanical working of metals- Avitzone.
2. Engineering Metallurgy – Part-II – Higgins

MT3202 ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION OF MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To know the electrochemical and thermodynamic aspects of corrosion.
- To know the various forms of corrosion.
- To know the preventive methods of corrosion

Course Outcomes:

- Explain the importance of studying corrosion
- Describe the thermodynamic aspects of corrosion
- Describe the kinetic aspects of corrosion
- Indicate the various forms of corrosion
- Explain the measurement and control of corrosion.

SYLLABUS

Corrosion–

Electrochemical aspects of Corrosion. Corrosion cells/Electrochemical cells, Determination of Electrode potential. Thermodynamic aspects- Nernst equation, Galvanic series. Polarization, Linear polarization technique for evaluation of i_{corr} . Pourbaix diagrams

Types and Forms of Corrosion. Uniform Corrosion, Pitting Corrosion, Galvanic Corrosion, and Intergranular Corrosion. Stress Corrosion cracking, Cavitation Erosion, Erosion Corrosion. Corrosion Fatigue..

Prevention Methods: Coatings, Metallic and Non Metallic, Design rules, Control of Environment, Anodic and Cathodic Protection Techniques.

Textbooks:

1. An introduction to Electrometallurgy, Sharan and Narain, Standard Publishers
2. Corrosion Engineering, MGF Fountana, Mc-Graw Hill Book Company

MT 3203 ADVANCES IN STEEL MAKING & PRODUCTION OF FERROALLOYS

Course Objectives:

- To gain a thorough knowledge about thermodynamics and phase relations in the production of iron and ferroalloys.
- To understand the production methodology for a particular type of iron/ferroalloy from given ore, other raw materials and set of conditions.

Course Outcomes:

- To understand the fundamentals including thermodynamics and phase relations in the production of iron and ferroalloys.
- To perform basic calculations like mass and energy balance relating to production of iron and ferroalloys, taking into consideration the thermodynamic limitations and kinetics.

- To know details about several aspects involved in ferrous metallurgy like procuring raw materials and its preparation, furnaces and its accessories, blast furnace irregularities and process control, alternate routes of iron making.
- To identify and choose a production methodology for a particular type of iron/ferroalloy from given ore, other raw materials and set of conditions.

SYLLABUS

Hybrid Steelmaking processes, SIP and EOP process.

Continuous steelmaking processes: WOCRA, IRSID, Spray steelmaking, Recent trends in steelmaking processes.

Secondary steel making processes: Stirring Treatments, Synthetic slag refining, Injection metallurgy, Plunging Techniques, Post solidification treatments, vacuum treatments, decarburization techniques, secondary refining furnaces (LF furnace).

Gases in steel, vacuum treatment of liquid steel

Production of Ferroalloys: Fe-Si, Fe-Mn, Fe-Cr, Fe-V, Silico-Manganese.

Textbooks:

1. Steel Making, R.H. Tupkary
2. Steel Making, Kudrin
3. Steel Making, A.K Biswas

Reference Books:

1. The making, shaping and treating of steel-USS.

MT3206 ELECTROMETALLURGY LAB

Course objectives:

- Electrometallurgy principles in metal deposition and winning are to be verified practically.
- To know the procedures of plating and anodizing.

Course Outcomes:

- Able to know the practical relevance of Faraday's laws
- Able to know the requirements and procedures of electro plating of metals
- Able to know the procedure of anodizing

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Experimental verification of Faraday's laws.
2. Determination of throwing power of electrolytes.

3. Electroplating of copper.
4. Electroplating of Nickel.
5. Anodizing of Aluminium.

MT3207 MATERIALS PROCESSING LAB

Course Objectives:

- Know the procedure of alloy making
- Know the fabrication methods of composites
- Know the basics of hot and cold working

Course Outcomes:

- Able to make an alloy of required composition
- Able to manufacture various types of composites
- Able to know the application of cold and hot working processes

List Of Experiments

1. Alloy preparation
2. Composites preparation
 - a. Metal matrix composites
 - b. Polymer matrix composites
 - c. Characterization of prepared MMCs and PMCs
3. Cold working studies
4. Hot working studies

MT3208 NDT LAB

Course Objectives:

- To know the difference between Destructive and Non-Destructive Testings
- To understand the basic working principles of Non-Destructive testing
- To identify various types of Defects that Occur in the materials

Course Outcomes:

- Provide knowledge and experience to observe various material defects through NDT.

Non-destructive evaluation will be carried out by following Experiments

1. Visual Inspection
2. Die penetration testing
3. Magnetic particle testing
4. Ultrasonic testing
5. Radiography testing

MT3209SOFT SKILLS

Course Objectives:

- To develop skills to communicate clearly.
- To aid students in building interpersonal skills.
- To enhance team building and time management skills.
- To inculcate active listening and responding skills.

Course Outcomes:

- Make use of techniques for self-awareness and self-development.
- Apply the conceptual understanding of communication into everyday practice.
- Understand the importance of teamwork and group discussions skills.
- Develop time management and stress management.

SYLLABUS

Introduction to Soft Skills: Communication – Verbal and Non Verbal Communication - Personal grooming (Etiquette, Attitude, Body Language), Posture, Gestures, Facial Expressions, Eye Contact, Space Distancing, Presentation Skills, Public Speaking, Just a Minute (JAM) sessions, Adaptability.

Goal Setting and Time Management: Immediate, Short term, Long term, Smart Goals, Strategies to Achieve goals, Types of Time, Identifying Time Wasters, Time Management Skills, Stress Busters.

Leadership and Team Management: Qualities of a Good Leader, Team Dynamics, Leadership Styles, Decision Making, Problem Solving, Negotiation Skills.

Group Discussions: Purpose (Intellectual ability, Creativity, Approach to a problem, Tolerance), Group Behaviour, Analysing Performance.

Job Interviews: Identifying job openings, Covering Letter and CVs / Resumes, Interview (Opening, Body-Answer Q, Close-Ask Q), Telephone Interviews, Types of Questions.

Text Books:

1. Hasson, Gill. *Brilliant Communication Skills*. Great Britain: Pearson Education, 2012

Reference Books:

1. Krannich, Caryl, and Krannich, Ronald L. *Nail the Resume! Great Tips for Creating Dynamite Resumes*. United States, Impact Publications, 2005.
2. Prasad, H. M. *How to Prepare for Group Discussion and Interview*. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2001.
3. Pease, Allan. *Body Language*. Delhi: Sudha Publications, 1998.
4. Rizvi, Ashraf M. *Effective Technical Communication*: India, McGraw-Hill Education, 2010
5. Thorpe, Edgar & Showick Thorpe. *Winning at Interviews*. 2nd Edition. Delhi: Dorling Kindersley, 2006.

SYLLABUS -IV/IV Firstsemester

MT4107 ADVANCED MATERIALS PROCESSING

Course Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts of nano structures
- To provide and train the students about nanomaterials synthesis and thin film deposition techniques
- To understand various Nanostructure characterization techniques.

Course Outcomes:

- Identify and understand various top-down and bottom-up approaches for nanomaterial synthesis.
- To know the procedure of high energy ball milling for making nano powders
- To give evidence for the nano materials by characterization techniques

SYLLABUS

Introduction to nanotechnology

Discussion on various techniques of synthesis of nano materials
Synthesis of nano materials by High energy ball milling method
Characterization of nanopowders

- i. Crystallite size
- ii. Strain calculations
- iii. XRD studies
- iv. SEM studies

Nano Composites preparation by Mechanical alloying method
Characterization of prepared nanocomposites

Description on applications of nanomaterials

Text Books:

1. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials: Synthesis, properties and applications Guozhong Cao – Imperial College Press.

Reference books:

1. Mauro Sardela, Practical Materials Characterization, Springer, 2014.
2. Richard Leach, Fundamental Principles of Engineering Nanometrology, Elsevier, 2014

SYLLABUS OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

1. STEELMAKING

Course Objectives:

- This course introduces the principles of steel making
- To know the various types of steel making
- To know the recent advances in steel making

Course Outcomes:

- Describe the physical and chemical processes that take place during steelmaking
- Analyse the effect to change in process parameters in steelmaking processes
- Describe the methods for casting of steel

SYLLABUS

History of Steel Making: Cementation and crucible processes.

Principles Steel Making: Chemistry of Steel Making processes, Theories of slag. Oxidation of Si, Mn and C. Desulphurization, Dephosphorization and deoxidation. Mixers, Raw materials for steelmaking

Pneumatic Steel Making Process: Acid and basic Bessemer process, Side blown converter.

Open Hearth Process: Operation and chemistry of the process. Developments in OHP: AJAX, TANDEM, Tilting and twin hearth process.

BOF Process: LD, LD-AC, LAM process, OG process, Kaldo, Rotor and OBM.

Electric Furnace Process: Various electric processes, their advantages and limitations. EAF construction, lining and operation. Discussion on manufacture of stainless steel.

Casting: Pit side process and teeming methods. Ingot moulds. Solidification of steel. Ingot defects and remedies. Continuous casting of steel.

Textbooks:

1. Steel Making, R.H. Tupkary
2. Steel Making, Kudrin
3. Steel Making, Biswas

References:

1. The making, shaping and treating of steel-USS.

2. COMPOSITE MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To obtain knowledge on classification, processing, characterization and applications of composite materials.
- To obtain knowledge on mechanical properties and failure mechanisms of composites under load in conditions for engineering applications.

Course Outcomes:

- Knowledge on classification, processing, characterization and applications of various composite materials
- Ability to select proper method of fabrication for the given type of composite material

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Definition, classification, properties, applications, advantages and limitations of composites, Types of matrix and reinforcements, and their properties. Mechanics of Composites, Isostrain and Iso stress conditions, Role of fibers, Critical fiber length.

Fabrication of Polymer Matrix Composites (PMCs): Properties, Applications and Limitations of PMCs; Various fabrication methods - Hand Layup technique, Spray Up Technique, Filament winding, Pultrusion, Autoclave based methods, Injection moulding, Extrusion.

Fabrication of Metal Matrix Composites (MMCs): Properties, Applications of MMCs; Fabrication methods: Liquid methods - Duralcan process, Spray forming, Squeeze casting, Stir casting; Solid state process - Diffusion bonding.

Fabrication of Ceramic Matrix Composites (CMCs): Properties, Applications and limitations of CMCs; Various fabrication methods: Cold pressing and sintering, Hot pressing, Liquid infiltration, Laminar process.

Fabrication of Carbon-Carbon Composites (CCCs): Properties, Applications and limitations of CCCs; Processing of CCC - Solid, Liquid and Gas phase pyrolysis processes.

Textbooks:

1. Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction - William D Callister Jr
2. Composite Materials - Krishna K Chawla.

Reference books:

1. ASM Handbook Volume 21: Composites.

3. STRENGTHENING MECHANISMS**Course Objectives:**

- To explain and describe various strengthening mechanisms involved in the development of existing alloys and new alloys.

Course Outcomes:

- Explain the process of strengthening by grain/grain boundary in materials.
- Explain and illustrate how alloying can improve strength in metals
- Choose cold working and annealing cycles for improving strength and ductility in materials for suitable applications.

- Compare and contrast the different means of strengthening by small second phase particles.
- Distinguish composite strengthening by various methods of orientation of fibers in materials.
- Choose a particular strengthening mechanism for design of high strength metals and alloys.

SYLLABUS

Strengthening from grain boundaries, Hall-Petch relation, ASTM grain size measurement, yield-point phenomenon, strain aging.

Solid solution strengthening: Elastic interaction, modulus interaction, stacking fault interaction, electrical interaction, short range order interaction, long range order interaction.

Cold working: Strain hardening of single crystals, annealing of cold worked metal, recovery, recrystallization and grain growth.

Strengthening from fine particles: Principle, mechanisms and examples of Precipitation hardening (age hardening), Dispersion hardening. Fiber strengthening, strength and moduli of composites (Iso-strain and Iso-stress condition), influence of fiber length, orientation and concentration

Strengthening by phase transformations: Annealing, Normalizing and Hardening. Martensite strengthening.

Text Books:

1. Mechanical Metallurgy - George E Dieter
2. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction - William D Callister Jr
3. Materials Science and Engineering – V Raghavan

Reference Books:

1. Mechanical Behaviour of Materials - Thomas H Courtney

4. ENGINEERING MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To understand the importance of various materials used in engineering and obtain a qualitative analysis of their behavior and applications

Course Outcomes:

- Understands various types of steels their properties in various conditions.
- Understands various types of cast irons and their properties in various applications.
- Understands various types of light alloys like Al, Mg, Ti, Be and Cu alloys as well as their properties and applications.

SYLLABUS

Carbon Steels: Low, medium and high carbon steels, HSLA, Dual Phase steels.

Alloy Steels: High strength structural steels, Tool steels, Stainless steels, High Temperature alloys.

Castirons: Whitecastiron, MalleableCastiron, GreyCastiron, Ductile Castiron.

Light alloys: Al, Mg, Ti, Be and its

alloys. Copper and its alloys.

TextBooks:

1. Introduction to Physical Metallurgy - SHAvner.
2. Physical Metallurgy Principles and Practice – Raghavan. V

ReferenceBooks:

1. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction - William D Callister Jr

5. NANOMATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To recognize the differences between nanomaterials and conventional materials and to become familiar with a wider range of nanomaterials, their synthesis, characterization, properties and applications.

Course Outcomes:

- Indicate the differences between nanomaterials and conventional materials.
- Indicate how specific synthesis techniques can result in nanomaterials.
- Give examples of specific nanomaterial and explain the scientific reasons for the Properties displayed by them.

SYLLABUS

Introduction to Nano Technology: Importance of Nano–Technology, Emergence of Nano–Technology, Bottom-Up and Top–down approaches, challenges in Nano–Technology.

Zero-dimensional Nanoparticle through homogeneous nucleation: Growth of nuclei, synthesis of metallic nano particles, Nano particles through heterogeneous nucleation:

One-dimensional Nanowires and rods, Spontaneous growth: Evaporation and Condensation growth, vapor-liquid-solid growth

Two Dimensional Nano-structures: Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD), Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD), Atomic Layer Deposition (ALD). Applications of Nanomaterials.

TextBooks:

1. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials: Synthesis, properties and applications

ReferenceBooks:

1. Guozhong Cao – Imperial College Pres

6.FUNCTIONAL MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the student to functional materials and the science behind the performance of the functional material. To enable the student to understand the applications of functional materials.

Course Outcomes:

- Indicate the various types of functional materials
- Explain the principle of operation of the functional material
- Indicate the applications of the functional materials

SYLLABUS

Characteristics and types of functional materials. Crystal structure and Properties. Effect of size on properties, effect of interfaces on properties

Band structure, Semiconductor devices: Theory, examples and applications of Optically active materials

Dielectrics: piezo- and ferroelectric materials:

Magnetic materials: storage applications, Smart materials

Applications in electronic, communication, aerospace, automotive, energy industries

Text Books :

1. Functional Materials: Electrical, Dielectric, Electromagnetic, Optical and Magnetic applications; Deborah DL Chung, World Scientific Publishing, 2010

Reference Books:

1. Materials Science – Raghavan. V
2. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction - William D Callister Jr

7.ENERGY MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To learn the operating principle of several environmentally friendly energy technologies. To identify the material issues relevant to these technologies and to evaluate various operational aspects associated with these technologies.

Course Outcomes:

- Evaluate an energy technology for environmental friendliness.
- Explain the operating principle of several energy technologies.
- Indicate the material requirements for these energy technologies.
- Demonstrate the ability to understand the characterization, performance, and failure data related to these technologies.

SYLLABUS

Energy requirements in a global scale and in the Indian context.

Evaluation of energy sources from the perspective of clean energy. Carbon equivalent

Introduction to different types of energy storage and conversion devices and technologies. Synthesis and characterization of materials used for these technologies, Properties desired in the materials, Techniques to evaluate the properties and performance, failure modes and analysis, environmental impact of the following technologies:

- I. Fuel cells
- II. Batteries
- III. Supercapacitors
- IV. Solar energy conversion devices
- V. Wind Energy
- VI. Mechanical Energy storage

Text Books:

1. Renewable Energy: Power for a Sustainable Future, Godfrey Boyle, Oxford University Press, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. BioMaterial Science Buddy D. Ratneer
2. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction - William D Callister Jr

8. BIOMATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the student to the range of biomaterials and the science and engineering of biomaterials. To understand constraints associated with the use of biomaterials.

Course Outcomes:

- Explain the types of Biomaterials and their relative advantages and disadvantages.
- Indicate the constraints placed on the use of materials in biological environments.
- Explain the characterization of materials from the perspective of application as a biomaterial.

SYLLABUS

Types of biomaterials, Biological environment

Mechanical and physico-chemical properties of

biomaterials Resorbability, biodegradation, Biological responses, compatibility, cytotoxicity, cell bio-

material interactions, associated characterization Metals, Polymers, Ceramics, Natural biomaterials Blends

, composites, biopolymers, Hydrogels Drug delivery systems

Reference books:

1. Introduction to Biomaterials: Basic Theory with Engineering Applications; C.L. Agrawal, J.L. Ong, Mark R. Appleford, Gopinath Mani, Cambridge University Press, 2013

9. ELECTRONIC MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To become familiar with the science, synthesis, evaluation, and applications of electronic materials. To know the manufacturing processes associated with use of electronic materials for devices.

Course Outcomes:

- Indicate and explain important scientific parameters associated with electronic materials.
- Describe different semiconductors and their properties with examples.
- Explain the features and functioning of several electronic devices.
- Describe the manufacturing processes associated with electronic materials and devices.

SYLLABUS

Intrinsic semiconductors. Electron and hole (carrier) concentrations. Fermi energy level, effect of temperature on Fermi energy.

Carrier mobility. Direct vs. indirect bandgap materials.

Elemental vs. compound semiconductors. Extrinsic semiconductors. Doping – p and n type semiconductors

Carrier concentration and Fermi level as a function of temperature. Drift mobility. Light and heavy doping

Semiconductor diodes p-n junctions at equilibrium. Forward and reverse bias. I-V characteristics. Band diagram. Diode breakdown mechanisms

LEDs and solar cell materials. Transistors – MOSFETs. Band diagram and channel formation. Threshold voltage. I-V characteristics

Introduction to semiconductor manufacturing – history, process flow, manufacturing goals. Bulk Si crystal growth

Overview of manufacturing technology – oxidation, photolithography, etching, doping, deposition, planarization. Cleanroom classifications

CMOS manufacturing steps. Process monitoring – blank and patterned thin film measurement. Defect inspection. Electrical testing. Yield monitoring & statistical process control. Definitions of yield, process control, defect density. Process integration. Assembly and packaging.

Textbooks:

1. Semiconductor Materials, Devices and Fabrication, Parasuraman Swaminathan, Wiley 2017

Reference books:

1. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, S.O. Kasap, McGraw Hill Education, 2017

10. FATIGUE AND FRACTURE MECHANICS

Course Objectives:

- To study the different types of fatigue failures and their mechanisms in the engineering applications.
- To study the basic theory of fracture mechanics and its relationship with fatigue and creep failure mechanisms.
- To understand the damage tolerance approach in the life estimation of structures.

Course Outcomes:

- The ability to identify the characteristic fatigue failures in the engineering structures.
- Knowledge of connecting fracture mechanics concepts to fatigue failure.
- Knowledge of fatigue failure mechanisms in non-metallic materials.

SYLLABUS

Introduction to Fatigue: Introduction and historical overview, Types of fatigue – low cycle fatigue, high cycle fatigue, very high cycle (giga cycle) fatigue, Fatigue test methods and equipment, Total life approaches based on cyclic stress and cyclic strain, Cyclic hardening and softening in single crystals and poly crystals

Types of Cracks: Crack initiation and propagation, Mechanisms, Macrostructural and microstructural aspects, Use of fracture mechanics in fatigue Local strain approach, effect of different factors on fatigue – Stress concentration, Size, Surface, Temperature, Frequency, Environment, Microstructure, Residual stresses, Fretting, Creep-fatigue interaction, Multiaxial stresses, Thermomechanical loading,

Fatigue behaviour of different materials: Metallic materials and weldments, Ceramics, Polymers, Composites, Metallic glasses, Shape memory alloys, Ultrafine grained materials, Nanocrystalline materials, Biomaterials, Metallic foams Case studies on fatigue failures, Design considerations, Methods for fatigue life improvement.

Text Books:

1. Fatigue of Materials, Suresh, Cambridge India, 2015.

Reference books:

1. Fracture Mechanics, Fundamentals and Applications, T.L. Anderson, CRC Press 2017.

11.COMPUTATIONALMATERIALENGINEERING

CourseObjectives:

- Thiscourseintroducescomputationalmethodsinthedomainofmetallurgicalandmaterialsengineering.

CourseOutcomes:

- Analyseametallurgicalproblemtocreateawellposednumericalproblem.
- Identifyinitialandboundaryconditionsofaproblemrelevanttomaterialsdomain.
- Proposeasolutionprocedureforanumericalprobleminthedomainofmaterialsengineering.
- Demonstrateabilitytoquantifyamaterialsengineeringproblemthroughnumericalanalysis.

SYLLABUS

Softwareandlanguagesfornumericalcomputation

1. Linearalgebraicsystems
2. Eigenvalueproblems
3. Curvefitting
4. Root finding
5. Optimization
6. Numericaldifferentiation,numericalintegration
7. DigitalprocessingusingfastFouriertransforms,principalcomponentanalysisetc.
8. Librariesforaccurateandfastnumerical computation

Application of computational methods to study structure of materials at different length scales,transport phenomena, phase transformations and kinetics of reactions. Examples can be drawn fromprocesses and topics covered in corecurriculum of materials engineering .

Textbooks:

1. IntroductiontoComputationalMaterialsScience– RichardLeSar,CambridgeUniversityPress(2013).
2. AppliednumericalmethodsforengineeringusingmatlabandC– R.J.SchillingandS.L.Harris,CengageLearning (2007)

Referencebooks:

1. MathematicalMethodsforPhysicsandEngineering,3rdEdition–R.F.Riley,M.P.Hobson,S.J. Bence, CambridgeUniversity Press (2012).
2. Modelinginmaterialsprocessing–J.A.DantzigandC.L.TuckerIII,CambridgeUniversityPress (2001)

12.SURFACEENGINEERING

CourseObjectives:

- TounderstandtheneedforSurfaceEngineeringandtobecomefamiliarwiththetechniquesassociate dwith SurfaceEngineering.

CourseOutcomes:

- Indicatetheneedforsurface engineering.
- Indicatethedifferent methodsofsurfaceengineering.
- Differentiatebetweenthemethodsusedandindicatetheirrelativemerits.
- Understandaspectsassociatedwithindustrialapplicationsofsurfaceengineering.

SYLLABUS

Need for engineered surface, definition and principlesConventional surfacehardening methods

Methods involving no change in the chemical composition of the surfaceMethods involving change in chemicalcompositionofthesurface

Applicationof advancedtechniquessuchasionandelectronbeamtowardscreatingnewengineeredsurface

ControlledhighqualitysurfacemodificationbytechniquessuchasCVD,PVD,Plasma,laser,ion bombardment

Effect of process variables and structure –property correlationsThermo - chemical, thermo - mechanical and thermal processesTreatments forindustrialcomponentsCasestudies

TextBooks:

1. IntroductiontoSurfaceEngineering,P.A.Dearnley,CambridgeUniversityPress,2017.

ReferenceBooks:

1. BasicsOfSurfaceEngineering,MKamaraju

13.PHASETRANSFORMATIONS

CourseObjectives:

- Tointroducethestudenttokeyconcepts inPhasetransformationsandenableanunderstandingof thesteps involved inseveral important phasetransformations.

Course Outcomes:

- Classify phase transformations
- Indicate important steps in different types of phase transformations
- Explain phase transformations from the perspective of thermodynamics and kinetics
- Describe a few well known and studied phase transformations

SYLLABUS

Definition and types of Phase transformations.

Diffusion: Fick's laws of diffusion, solution of Fick's second law and its applications, atomic model of diffusion and role of crystal defects, temperature dependence of diffusion coefficient.

Kirkendall effect. Diffusional transformation in solids and diffusionless transformation in solids.

Nucleation and growth - energy considerations; homogeneous nucleation, heterogeneous nucleation, growth kinetics, overall transformation rates.

Crystal interfaces and microstructure. Microstructure evolution including recrystallization and grain growth.

Precipitation from solid solution: Homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation of precipitates, the aging curve, mechanisms of age hardening, examples from Al-Cu and other alloy systems.

Martensitic Transformations: General characteristics of martensitic reactions, similarity to deformation twinning, bain distortion, crystallography and kinetics of martensitic transformations, examples from ferrous and non-ferrous alloy systems.

Order-disorder Transformation Examples of ordered structures, long and short range order, detection of super lattices, influence of ordering on properties.

Spinodal decomposition.

Textbooks:

1. Solid State Phase Transformations, V. Raghavan, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 1987.
2. Phase Transformations in Metals and Alloys, David A. Porter and Kenneth E. Easterling, Third Edition, CRC Press, 2017

Reference books:

1. Physical Metallurgy Principles, Reza Abbaschian, Lara Abbaschian, and Robert E. Reed-Hill, Cengage, 2013.
2. Mechanisms of Diffusional Phase Transformations in Metals and Alloys, Hubert I. Aaronson, Masato Enomoto, and Jong K. Lee, CRC Press, 2016.

14. INTRODUCTION TO TRANSPORT PHENOMENA

Course Objectives:

- This course will introduce the concepts of fluid flow, heat transfer and mass transfer with behavior and processing of engineering materials as the focus.

Course Outcomes:

- Pose a problem in transport phenomena as a balance equation.
- Make suitable assumptions to make the problem a well-defined one.
- Identify suitable geometry and boundary conditions for the problem.
- Solve simple partial differential equations relevant to transport phenomena.
- Plot different parameters and interpret the solutions.

SYLLABUS

Balance of quantities using elemental volume approach, continuity equation

Newton's law of viscosity, Navier-

Stokes equation, laminar flow problems, exact solutions in rectangular, cylindrical and spherical coordinate systems

Friction factors, correlations for turbulent regime, Darcy's law, flow through porous media.

Fundamentals of heat conduction, convection, radiation and their combined effect; steady and unsteady heat transfer, exact analytical solutions, correlations for conjugate heat transfer.

Diffusion and its application in solid state, convective mass transfer, unsteady diffusion in finite and infinite bodies, diffusion and chemical reactions.

Coupled phenomena in transport, Non-dimensional numbers and their correlations of different regimes and analogies.

Textbooks:

1. Transport phenomena, 2nd Edition: R. Byron Bird, Warren E. Stewart and Edwin N. Lightfoot; John Wiley & Sons.
2. Fundamentals of Momentum, Heat and Mass Transfer, 4th Edition: James R. Welty, Charles E. Wicks, Robert E. Wilson and Gregory Rorrer; John Wiley & Sons.

Reference books:

1. Transport phenomena in materials processing: D. R. Poirier and G. H. Geiger, TMS
2. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, 5th Edition: Robert W. Fox & Alan T. McDonald; John Wiley & Sons.

15. PHYSICS OF MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To understand the science behind the properties exhibited by materials. To recognize the size scale from which the property originates and hence the impact of various material constituents on the properties of the materials.

Course Outcomes:

- Explain the origin of the various properties of materials.
- Indicate the phenomenon that impacts specific properties.
- Use quantum mechanical approach to explain material properties.
- Utilize reciprocal space.
- Explain the similarities and differences between classical particles, Fermions, and Bosons

SYLLABUS

Overview of properties of materials

Thermal expansion, Electrical Conductivity, Measuring electrical conductivity, Free electron gas, ideal gas.

Free electron theory of metals, Wiedemann-

Franz law, Drude model, Successes and Limitations of Drude model, Source of limitations of Drude model.

Large systems and Statistical Mechanics, Maxwell Boltzmann statistics

Classical Particles, Quantum particles, History of quantum mechanics, Drude-Sommerfeld model

Fermi-Dirac Statistics, Features of Fermi-Dirac Distributions, comparison with Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics

Anisotropy and Periodic potential, Confinement and Quantization, Density of states

Fermi Energy, Fermi Surface, Fermi Temperature, Electronic contribution to Specific Heat at Constant Volume, Reciprocal space

Calculating allowed and forbidden energy levels, Free electron approximation, tight binding approximation

Electron compounds, Semiconductors, Optoelectronic properties, magnetic properties, phonons

Superconductivity, Bose-Einstein statistics, Meissner effect, BCS theory, Physics of nanoscale materials.

Text Books:

1. Physics of Materials, Essential concepts of Solid State Physics. Prathap Haridoss, Wiley 2015.

Reference books:

1. Solid State Physics, Ashcroft and Mermin, Cengage 2003.

SYLLABUS OF OPEN ELECTIVES

1. MATERIALS CHARACTERIZATION

Course Objectives:

- To obtain knowledge on various structural and microstructural characterization techniques of materials.
- To study the principles, theory and practice of various characterization techniques

Course Outcomes:

- Determine crystal structure of materials
- Analyse microstructure of materials at different length scales
- To use XRD to study grain size, phase diagram and residual stresses
- To use XRD to determine chemical composition and order-disorder transformation

SYLLABUS

Metallography- Macro and Micro examination of examination of metals and alloys, Resolution and magnification. Construction of optical microscope

Principles of construction of electron microscopes. Specimen preparation techniques for transmission electron microscopy.

Production and properties of X-rays, Electromagnetic radiation, continuous and characteristic spectrum, absorption. Filters. Diffraction. Bragg's law, scattering by atom, Structure factor calculations.

Diffraction Methods: Laue's method, rotating crystal method, powder method, Determination of crystal structure, determination of precision lattice parameter, sources of error in measurements.

Applications of XRD – Effect of plastic deformation. Determination of particle size, grain size, residual stresses, determination of phase diagrams, order-disorder transformation.

Textbooks:

1. Elements of X-ray diffraction: B.D. Cullity, Pearson Education 2014
2. Electron and analysis: P.J. Goodhew, J. Humphreys, R. Beanland, 3rd edition, CRC Press 2000.

2. METAL JOINING PROCESSES

Course objectives:

- To develop understanding fundamentals of welding
- To know the requirements of Joining a material
- To know the various types of joining processes

Course outcomes:

- Able to select welding process for the given application
- Identify different energy sources like electron beam, laser beam, plasma arc, explosion welding, ultrasonic welding etc and analyze the concept, mechanism, parameters associated with the processes
- Demonstrate weld design procedures and can also Describe soldering and brazing techniques convincingly

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Importance and classification. Basic concepts in arc welding and gas welding.

General theory of arc welding. Principle, operation and application of shielded metal arc welding, Tungsten inert gas, plasma arc, submerged arc, metal inert gas and CO₂ welding processes. Electro-slag welding.

Resistance welding processes. Spot, seam, projection

Special welding processes Thermit welding, Electron beam and laser beam welding.

Solid state welding processes. Diffusion bonding, ultrasonic. Explosive inertia/friction welding. Soldering and brazing.

Textbooks:

1. Welding and Welding Technology, R.L. Little

Reference Books:

1. Welding Technology, N.K. Srinivasan

3. POWDER METALLURGY

Course objectives:

- This course introduces the particulate technology to create components from powder route.
- To build the necessary background of emergence and importance of powder metallurgy scope and limitations.
- Obtain a necessary knowledge about various powder production techniques and characteristics.
- Obtain a working knowledge of compaction and sintering techniques.

- Gain an effective knowledge of applications of powder metallurgy products.

Course Outcomes:

- Appreciate the importance of powder metallurgy technology for production of materials and components in comparison with other fabrication techniques.
- List out the advantages, limitations and applications of powder metallurgy technique.
- Able to choose the production method to get the required size and shape of the powders.
- Knowledge of various characterization methods to control the properties of the powders.
- Describe the consolidation and sintering processes in powder metallurgy route.
- Can develop and design powder metallurgical components for specific applications and needs of various industries.

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Advantages and limitations of powder metallurgy.

Powder production methods:

Mechanical, Chemical, Electrolytic and atomization Methods. Commercial production of metallic powders.

Powder characteristics:

Composition and structure, particle size, shape, specific surface, surface topography, flow rate, apparent and tap density, pressing properties.

Compaction of metal powders:

Pressure and Pressureless compaction techniques: Die compaction, Cold Isostatic pressing, Powder rolling, Powder forging, Explosive forming; High Temperature Compaction methods: Hot Pressing, Hot Extrusion, Spark Plasma Sintering, H I P.

Principles and practice of sintering:

Sintering mechanisms, stages of sintering, Driving forces for sintering, sintering atmospheres, Liquid phase sintering, Post sintering operations.

Applications of powder metallurgy: Cermets, bearing materials, dispersion strengthened materials and other miscellaneous applications.

Textbooks:

1. Powder metallurgy: science, technology and materials Anish Upadhyaya, G.S. Upadhyaya, Universities Press
2. Powder metallurgy: science, technology and materials – P.C. Angelo, R. Subramanian, Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Reference books:

1. Volume 7: Powder Metallurgy, ASM Handbook – P.K. Samal and J.W. Newkirk
2. Powder Metallurgy Science – R.M. German, Metal Powder Industry

4. FAILURE ANALYSIS

Course Objectives:

- To highlight factors governing the failure of materials and types of failure
- To evaluate the mechanisms and environmental effects associated with failure
- To identify various failures in heat treatments, and deformation processing, and methods to prevent them

Course Outcomes:

After completing this course the student will have:

- The ability to identify the types of failures in engineering components under service
- Knowledge of the tools and techniques to perform failure analysis
- The skill set to perform fractographic analysis after various failures
- The ability to identify different failure mechanisms resulting from manufacturing processes
- Sources of Failures, Steps in Failure Analysis,

SYLLABUS

Characteristics of ductile and brittle fracture, ductile to brittle transition. High temperature failures, Fatigue failures,

Corrosion failures and their identification,

Failures of industrial components like casting and welding. Some case studies in failure analysis.

Text Books:

1. Analysis of Metallurgical failures - VJ Collangelo and PA Heiser

Reference Books:

1. Mechanical Metallurgy Dieter

5. INTRODUCTION TO MATERIALS ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To give the students a broad overview to various aspects of Materials Science and Engineering. In still interest and curiosity in the discipline.

Course Outcomes:

- Have a broad knowledge of the discipline.
- Have an exposure to methods and techniques used in the discipline.
- Understand the flow of courses through the rest of their undergraduate education.
- Develop a preliminary understanding of which courses address which topics in the discipline.

SYLLABUS

Design, synthesis & processing, characterization, applications of materials Failure analysis & forensics of different types of materials starting from common metals and alloys to exotic materials. Examples and case studies will be taken up and shown to the students.

Demonstrations using sophisticated and state-of-the-art instruments pertaining to aspects of synthesis, processing, characterization and failure analysis will be carried out in the laboratories.

Comprehensive visits/conducted tours to the research laboratories will be carried out. Videos and simulations describing materials and their properties will be shown along with specific and interesting case studies.

Textbooks:

1. Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction: William D Callister; Wiley, 2014
2. Materials and Design: The Art and Science of Material Selection in Product Design, Mike Ashby and Kara Johnson, 3rd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2014.
3. Ashby and Kara Johnson, 3rd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2014.
4. Engineering Materials 1 (2011) and 2 (2012), D.R.H. Jones and M.F. Ashby, 4th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann.

Reference books:

1. The New Science of Strong Materials or Why You Do Not Fall Through The Floor, J.E. Gordon. Penguin, 1991.
2. 2. Stuff Matters, Mark Miodownik. Penguin, 2014.

6. MATERIAL THERMODYNAMICS

Course Objectives:

- To highlight the fundamental role of Thermodynamics in describing metallurgical and materials processes. To learn and use thermodynamic functions, rules and relations and interpret thermodynamic plots and diagrams.

Course Outcomes:

- Use the various thermodynamic functions appropriately under different experimental situations involving gases, liquids and solids
- Derive and explain the Gibbs Phase rule
- Utilize Ellingham diagrams
- Utilize Pourbaix diagrams

SYLLABUS

History of thermodynamics, Ideal Gas, Energy and Work, Extensive and Intensive Properties First Law of Thermodynamics,

Internal Energy, Enthalpy, Heat Capacity, Reversible Processes

Second Law of Thermodynamics, Entropy and equilibrium, Reversibility, Heat Engines Statistical Interpretation of Entropy, Boltzmann Equation

Auxiliary Functions Enthalpy, Free Energy, Chemical Potential, Maxwell's Equations, Gibbs-

Helmholtz Equation

Enthalpy as a Function of Temperature and Composition, Third Law of Thermodynamics Phase Equilibrium in a One-Component System, Equilibrium between Vapor and Condensed Phase, and between condensed phases

Gases: Ideal, Real, van der Waals, Raoult's Law and Henry's Law, Activity, Gibbs-Duhem Equation.

Properties of Ideal and Non-ideal Solutions, Regular Solutions Activity, Phase Diagrams of some Binary Systems.

Effect of Temperature and Pressure on the Equilibrium Constant for a gas mixture

Ellingham Diagrams The Gibbs Phase Rule

Electrochemistry, Concentration and EMF, Standard Reduction Potentials, Pourbaix Diagrams

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to Thermodynamics of Materials, 5th Edition, David R Gaskell, Taylor and Francis, 2016.
2. Materials Thermodynamics with Emphasis on Chemical Approach, Hae-Geon Lee, World Scientific Publishing, 2012.

Reference books:

1. Thermodynamics in Materials Science, Robert DeHoff, CRC Press, 2006.

7. IRON MAKING AND STEEL MAKING TECHNOLOGY

Course objectives:

- This course introduces the principles of iron making and steel making

Course Outcomes:

- Describe the physical and chemical processes that take place during iron making and steel making
- Analyse the effect of change in process parameters in iron making and steel making processes
- Describe the methods for control of quality in iron and steel production
- Solve numerical problems involving reaction kinetics and composition control

SYLLABUS

Principles of Iron making and steel making Feasibility of reactions and chemical kinetics

Iron making through blast furnace route, steady state heat and material balance in blast furnace Effect of different process parameters on the productivity and quality of pig iron

Alternate methods for reduction of iron Steel making primary process: pneumatic and hearth, secondary steel making, quality steel making, deoxidation, inclusion.

Control of composition and quality of steel using slags: ferro slag, physical chemistry of slag metal reactions

Textbooks:

1. A first course in iron and steelmaking, Dipak Mazumdar, Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd., (2015)
2. Ironmaking and steelmaking: Theory and Practice, Ghosh Ahindra, Chatterjee Amit, Phi Learning Private Limited, (2001)

Reference books:

1. Extractive Metallurgy 1: Basic Thermodynamics and Kinetics, Alain Vignes (ISTE Ltd.,)
2. Extractive Metallurgy 2: Metallurgical Reaction Processes, Alain Vignes (ISTE Ltd.,)
3. Extractive Metallurgy 3: Processing Operations and Routes, Alain Vignes (ISTE Ltd.,)
4. An introduction to modern steelmaking, R.H. Tupkary, Khanna Publishers (2000)
5. An introduction to modern ironmaking, R.H. Tupkary, Khanna Publishers (2004)

8. MATERIALS PROCESSING

Course Objectives:

- To understand the fundamentals of deformation processing related to various manufacturing processes
- To obtain knowledge of various metal joining processes of various engineering alloys
- To understand concepts associated with solidification and its physical metallurgy
- To obtain the basic knowledge of processing of ceramic and glassy materials and their comparison with other materials

Course Outcomes:

- Relate the theory of plasticity to various deformation processing methods
- Identify the various materials joining processes and their applications
- Indicate the joining processes of ceramics and glassy materials

SYLLABUS

Principles of plasticity related to metal forming: cold, warm, and hot working, dynamic recovery and recrystallization. Basic metal forming processes such as Rolling, Forging, Extrusion, Wire Drawing, Sheet metal working.

Welding versus other joining processes: Welding processes, welding metallurgy, TTT and CCT diagrams, carbon equivalent, welding of ferrous and non-ferrous alloys, joining of dissimilar metals

Casting: Thermodynamics of solidification, Nucleation and growth, undercooling, dendritic growth, structure of castings and ingots, heat transfer during solidification, types of casting processes.

Structure of ceramics and glassy materials: ceramic powder preparations, forming and consolidation processes. Comparison of processing and applications of different materials

Textbooks:

1. Principles of metal casting by R. W. Haine, C. Loper and P. C. Rosenthal. McGraw Hill Education, 2001

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to ceramics by Kingery, Bowen, Uhlman. Wiley India Pvt. Limited, 2012

9. INTRODUCTION TO

INSTRUMENTATION Course objectives:

- To learn the principle of Pressure, Temperature, flow, level, density and viscosity measurements.
- To know about the selection, calibration and installation of different instruments
- To explore the application of measuring instruments in various industries

Course outcomes:

- Apply the knowledge of various Measuring Instruments to design a simple Instrumentation system.
- Calibrate the industrial instruments and use them in various fields.
- Select suitable instrument for a given application
- Analyzing the instrument in Industry
- Perform Calibration of Instruments
- Design Instrumentation Circuits for measurement systems.

SYLLABUS

Basic concepts. Introduction. Definition of terms. Calibration standards. Generalized measurement system. Basic concepts in dynamic measurements. Causes and types of experimental errors. Analysis.

Transducer and electric sensing devices. Differential transformer. Capacitive, piezoelectric, photoconductive and ionization transducers.

Pressure measurement: Mechanical pressure measurement devices. Low pressure measurement. McLeod gauge- Pirani Thermal conductive gauge- Ionization gauge. Flow measurement methods.

Temperature measurement: by mechanical and electrical effects- Measurement by radiation. Transient response of thermal systems. High speed temperature measurement.

Strain measurement: Strain gauges. Temperature compensation. Strain gauge rosettes.

Textbooks:

1. Experimental methods for Engineers, J.P. Holman, McGraw Hill Publication.
2. Mechanical measurements, Sirohi, Radhakrishnam.
3. Electron Beam Analysis of materials, Lorento

10. FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER

Course objectives:

- Identify and obtain values of fluid properties and relationship between them.
- Understand the principles of continuity, momentum, and energy as applied to fluid motions.
- Recognize these principles written in form of mathematical equations.
- Apply these equations to analyze problems by making good assumptions and learn systematic engineering method to solve practical fluid mechanics problems.
- Apply fundamental principles of fluid mechanics for the solution of practical civil engineering problems of water conveyance in pipes, pipe networks, and open channels.

Course outcomes:

- The Student will be acquainted with the principles relating to the measuring equipment of fluid flow.
- Further the student is capable of understanding the basic laws of fluid dynamics and their applications to the engineering problems occurring during their practice.

SYLLABUS

Classification of flows : Steady, Unsteady, Uniform, Non-uniform, Laminar, Turbulent, Rotational, Irrotational flows, Vorticity, and circulation - Conservation of mass - Equation of continuity, Conservation of momentum - Euler's equation, Conservation of energy - Bernoulli's equation and its applications.

One-dimensional Viscous flow. Couette flow - Plane Couette flow. Two Dimensional Viscous Flow: Navier-Stokes equations and solutions.

Laminar Boundary Layer. Momentum integral equation: Flow over a flat plate - Displacement thickness, Momentum thickness and energy thickness. Turbulent Boundary Layer. Laminar - Turbulent transition - Momentum equations and Reynold's stresses.

Dimensional Analysis and Modeling Similitude. Fundamental and derived dimensions - Dimensionless groups - Buckingham π -theorem - Raleigh method.

Elements of heat transmission. Steady state conduction: convection and radiation. Furnaces. Classification of furnaces and their use in metallurgical industries. Heat utilization in furnaces, available heat, factors affecting it. Heat losses in furnaces and furnace efficiency. Heat balance and Sankey diagrams. Principles of waste heat recovery.

Recuperators and regenerators. Types and applicability. AMTD and LMTD in recuperators. Protective atmosphere and their applications. Salt bath furnaces.

Textbooks:

1. Fluid Mechanics, A.K. Mohanty, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Fuels, furnaces and refractories by O.P. Gupta

Reference books:

1. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications.
2. Foundations of Fluid Mechanics, Yuan, Prentice Hall of India.
3. Fluid Mechanics and its applications, S.K. Gupta and A.K. Gupta, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

11. ENGINEERING MECHANICS & STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

Course objectives:

- The student will be given maximum flexibility in an area of Dynamics and Vibrations - its interface to materials and structures for understanding on applications.

- Towards characteristics of structures and study on material and structure and Applied Mathematics and Numerical Methods, Experimental Mechanics and Materials, Strength of materials & structural analysis

Course outcomes:

- After completing the course student will have the basic knowledge on material and structures at analysis level.
- This will also integrate the science, engineering and mathematical concept for student understanding

SYLLABUS

Concurrent forces in a plane and its equilibrium Centroids of composite plane figures. General case of forces in a plane.

Moment of inertia of plane figures. Parallel axis theorem. Polar MI. Concept of mass MI. Rectilinear translation.

Kinematics. Principle of dynamics. Motion of a particle under constant force. Force proportional to displacement and free vibrations (SHM) .

D’Alembert’s principle. Momentum. Impulse work and energy. Rotation of a rigid body about a fixed axis kinematics. Equation of motion of a rigid body about a fixed axis. Rotation under constant moment. Torsional vibration.

Simple stresses and strains: Stresses on inclined plane. 2-Dimensional stress systems. Principal stress and principal planes. Mohr’s circle. Shearing force and bending moment. Types of loads. Types of supports. SF and BM diagrams for formula. Bending stresses in the above types of beams with rectangular and circular sections. Torsion of circular shafts. Determination of shear stress.

Textbooks:

1. Engineering Mechanics – S. Timoshenko (relevant section only)
2. Elements of Strength of Materials - S. Timoshenko (relevant section only)

Reference Books:

1. Engineering Mechanics – S. Timoshenko (relevant section only)
2. Elements of Strength of Materials - S. Timoshenko (relevant section only)

12. ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY

Course objectives:

- Understand the basic principles of operation of rotating electric machines (Generators and Motors), their classification and basic efficiency and performance characteristics.
- Understand the operation and basic configurations of separately excited, permanent magnet, shunt and series DC machines and speed control methods.
- To know the basic principle of single phase transformers and its performance.

- To understand the basic principle of three-phase induction motor and alternators
- To understand the basic principle of special motors and electrical instruments.

Course outcomes:

- Student will be able to analyze the performance of DC Generators and DC Motors.
- Student will be able to analyze the performance of transformers.
- Student will be able to learn in-depth knowledge on three-phase induction motor.
- Student will be able to analyze the performance of special motors and electrical instruments.

SYLLABUS

Magnetic circuits: Definition of magnetic circuit, Reluctance, Magnetomotive force (m.m.f), magnetic flux, simple problems on magnetic circuits, Hysteresis loss (Chapter 8, Page Nos. 155-175)

Electromagnetic induction: Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction, induced E.M.F., Dynamically induced EMF, Statically induced EMF, Self-inductance, and mutual inductance. (Chapter 9, Page Nos. 176-190)

D.C. generators. D.C. Generator principle, construction of D.C. generator, E.M.F. equation of D.C. generator, types of D.C. generators, Armature reaction, Losses in D.C. generator, Efficiency, characteristics of D.C. generators, Applications of D.C. generator. (Chapter 10, 11, Page Nos. 208-238)

D.C. Motors: D.C. Motor principle, working of D.C. Motors, significance of back E.M.F., Torque equation of D.C. motors, types of D.C. motors, characteristics of D.C. motors, speed control methods of D.C. motors, Applications of D.C. motors, Testing of D.C. machine: losses and efficiency by Direct load test and Swinburne's test (Chapter 12, 13, Page Nos. 239-267).

A.C. Circuit: Introduction to steady state analysis of A.C. circuits. Single and balanced 3 phase circuits. (chapter 16, Page Nos. 323-348)

Transformers: Transformer principle, EMF equation of transformer, Transformer on load, Equivalent circuit of Transformer, Voltage regulation of transformer, losses in a transformer, Calculation of efficiency and regulation by open circuit and short circuit tests. (Chapter 20, Page Nos. 423-455)

Three phase inductance motor: Induction motor working principle. Construction of 3 phase induction motor, principle of operation. Types of 3 phase induction motor, Torque equation of induction motor, Slip-Torque characteristics, Starting Torque, Torque under running condition, Maximum Torque equation, power stages of induction motor, efficiency calculation of induction motor by direct loading (Chapter 21, Pg 463-489).

Alternator: Working principle, EMF equation of Alternator, Voltage regulation by Sync. Impedance method. (Chapter 23, Page Nos. 505-515)

Synchronous Motor: Synchronous motor principle of operation., Construction, Methods of starting of synchronous motor. (Chapter 24, Page Nos. 516-526)

Electrical measurements: Principles of measurement of current, Voltage power and energy, Ammeters, Voltmeters, Wattmeter's, Energy Meters, Electrical conductivity Meter, Potentiometer and Megger.

Textbook:

1. Elements of Electrical Engineering and Electronics by V.K.Mehta, S.Chand & Co.

Reference book:

1. A first course in Electrical Engineering, by Kothari

SYLLABUS OF HSS ELECTIVES

1. ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Course Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts of organisational behaviour, its foundations and importance.
- To enable students to have a basic perspective of Motivation and Motivation theories.
- To acquaint the students about group behaviour in organizations, including communication, leadership conflicts and organizational change and how these are linked to and impact organizational performance.

Course Outcomes:

- Identifying fundamental aspects of organizational dynamics.
- Evaluate main theories of motivation and formulating suitable motivational strategies.
- Analyze the behaviour of individuals and groups in organizations.
- Understanding of Leadership theories and Leadership behaviour.
- Apply relevant theories, concepts to address important Organizational Behaviour questions.
- Understand the nature and role of Organizational Behaviour and its relevance to the workplace.
- Analyze and compare different theories of Motivation and design strategies to improve motivation at the workplace.
- Gain insight of group dynamics and demonstrate skills required for team building. Examine factors which influence group cohesiveness and performance.
- Identify the various Leadership Styles and adopt suitable style.
- Communicate effectively in oral and written forms.
- Develop appropriate methods and styles of communication for the organization.
- Adopt strategies for managing conflicts in organizations.
- Implement Organizational change in a planned way and overcome resistance to change if any.

SYLLABUS

Organisational Behaviour : Concept of Organisation - Concept of Organisational Behaviour - Nature of Organisational Behaviour - Role of Organisational behaviour - Disciplines contributing to Organisational Behaviour.

Motivation: Definition - Nature of Motivation - Role of Motivation - Theories of Motivation : Maslow's Need Hierarchy Theory, Herzberg's Motivation Hygiene Theory and McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y.

Group Dynamics: Meaning - Concept of Group - Types of groups - Formal and Informal groups - Group development - Group cohesiveness and factors affecting group cohesiveness.

Leadership: Concept of Leadership - Difference between Leadership and Management - Importance of Leadership - Leadership styles: Autocratic leadership, Participative leadership and Free Rein leadership.

Communication: Meaning - Communication Process - Forms of communication: Oral, Written and Non- Verbal communication - Direction of communication : Downward, Upward and

Horizontal communication.

Organisational conflicts: Concept of conflict - Reasons for conflict -

Types of Conflict: Intrapersonal conflict, Interpersonal conflict, Intragroup conflict, Intergroup conflict, Interorganisational conflict - Conflict management.

Organisational Change: Nature - Factors in Organisational change - Planned change: Process of planned change - Resistance to change: Factors in resistance to change - Overcoming resistance to change.

Text Books:

1. L.M.Prasad: Organisational Behaviour, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi - 110002
2. K. Aswathappa: Organisational Behaviour, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi

Reference Books:

1. Stephen Robbins: Organisational Behaviour, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

2. INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Course Objectives:

- To relate the concepts of Management within industrial organizations.
- To explain the factors affecting productivity and how productivity can be increased in an industrial undertaking.
- To set forth a basic framework for understanding Entrepreneurship.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the roles, skills and functions of management.
- Distinguish the different types of business organizations.
- Identify the factors involved in Production Operations Management.
- Diagnose organizational problems and take suitable decisions.
- Establish good Human Resource Management practices.
- Acquire necessary knowledge and skills required for organizing and carrying out
- Understand the nature and functions of Management.
- Ability to plan, organize, direct, control and coordinate organizational activities.
- Categorize business organizations on the basis of ownership and functioning and determine the choice of an appropriate form of business organization.
- Understand and evaluate the key entrepreneurial skills needed to initiate and develop a successful business.

- Analyse various factors for selecting the location for a Business Enterprise.
- Apply Break-even analysis to take managerial decisions.
- Design and formulate various Human Resource Management processes.
- Raise necessary capital from different sources.
- Design effective marketing strategies.
- Understand the institutions that aid Entrepreneurship development.
- Acquire the ability to promote a business enterprise.

SYLLABUS

Management :- Definition, Nature and Importance ; Functions of the Management; Levels of Management; F.W Taylor's Scientific Management; Henry Fayol's Principles of Management;

Forms of Business Organizations: Introduction, Types of Business organizations, Private Sector- Individual Ownership, Partnership, Joint stock companies and Co-Operative organizations Public sector- Departmental Organizations, Public Corporations and Government Companies. The Joint sector Management.

Production and operations Management: Plant location- Factors to be considered in the selection of Plant location; Break-even analysis- Significance and managerial applications; Importance of Production Planning and Control and its Functions; Human Resource Management and Functions of Human Resource Manager (in brief); Functions of Marketing; Methods of Raising Finance.

Entrepreneurship: Definition, Characteristics and Skills, Types of Entrepreneurs, Entrepreneur vs. Professional Managers, Growth of Entrepreneurs, Nature and Importance of Entrepreneurs, Women Entrepreneurs, Problems of Entrepreneurship.

Entrepreneurial Development and Project Management: Institutions in aid of Entrepreneurship Development, Idea generation: Sources and Techniques;, Stages in Project formulation ; Steps for starting a small enterprise- Incentives for Small Scale Industries by Government.

Text Books:

1. Sharma, S.C. and Banga, T.R., Industrial Organization & Engineering Economics, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2000.
2. Vasant Desai, The Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management (Planning for future Sustainable growth), Himalayan Publishing House, 2018.

Reference Books:

1. Aryasri, A.R., Management Science, McGraw Hill Education (India Private Limited, New Delhi) 2014.
2. Sheela, P., and Jagadeswara Rao, K., Entrepreneurship, Shree Publishing House, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh, 2017.

3. OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Course Objectives:

- Formulate a real world problem as a mathematical programming model.
- Provide knowledge of optimization techniques and approaches.
- Understand and study inventory problems.
- Know the network models.
- Put on knowledge in solving replacement problems and different queueing models

Course Outcomes:

- Learned to translate a real-world problem into a mathematical formulation.
- Formulate and Solve Transportation, Assignment and sequencing problems.
- Resolve inventory problems.
- Able to solve maximum flow and shortest path problems.
- Capable to solve replacement problems and analyze queueing models.

SYLLABUS

Introduction: Definitions of Operations Research; Phases of Operations Research; Types of Operations Research models; applications, merits and demerits of Operations Research.

Allocation: Linear Programming problem formulation; Basic assumptions; Graphical solution; Simplex method; Artificial variable technique; Two phase method; Big M method; Duality principle; Primal and Dual relation.

Transportation: Formulation; Solution methods; Unbalanced transportation problems - North west corner rule; Least cost entry method; Vogel's approximation method; Optimal solution; degeneracy.

Assignment: Formulation; Variations in Assignment problem; Travelling salesman problem

Sequencing: Sequencing of n jobs through two machines; n jobs through three machines; n jobs through m machines; 2 jobs through m machines.

Inventory Control: Introduction; Types of Inventory; Inventory costs; Deterministic models - Economic order quantity (EOQ) and Economic Production Quantity (EPQ) with and without shortages; Quantity discounts; P system; Q system; Inventory control Techniques.

Network Analysis: Network definitions; Time estimates in network analysis; Labeling using Fulkerson's rule; Forward pass computations; Backward pass computations; Project management using Critical Path Method (CPM) and Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT).

Network Analysis: Network definitions; Time estimates in network analysis; Labeling using Fulkerson's rule; Forward pass computations; Backward pass computations; Project management using Critical Path Method (CPM) and Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT).

Replacement: Introduction, Replacement of items that deteriorate with time - Value of money unchanging and changing, Replacement of items that fail completely.

Queueing models: Introduction; Single channel poisson arrivals; Exponential service times; Unrestricted

queue with in finite population and finite population models; Multichannel poisson arrivals Exponential service times with infinite population and restricted queue.

Text Books:

1. Hamdy A. Taha, "Operations Research - An Introduction" by Taha, Prentice Hall, 2009.
2. F.S. Hiller, G.J. Liberman, B. Nag and P. Basu "Introduction To Operations Research, McGraw Hill Education (India), 2012.
3. S.D. Sharma, "Operations Research", Kedarnadh Ramnadh & Co., 2017

Reference Books:

1. R. Pannerselvam, "Operations Research", PHI.
2. Richard Bronson, Schaum's Series, "Operations Research", McGraw Hill
3. N.V.S. Raju, "Operations Research - Theory and Practice" BS publications.